The Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 3. VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, JUNE 28, 1886. No. 16

ESTABLISHED 1858.

A. GILMORE,

MERCHANT TAILOR AND CLOTHIER.

The Leading Clothing House in Victoria.

Suits sold here will be altered if necessary and made to fit like Custom-made goods without extra charge.

1000 PALM LEAF FANS

Just received, and will be given away during the next few days. Call and get one.

Johnson Street, - - Victoria, B. C.

REAL ESTATE.

RAND BROS.,

Real Estate Brokers, Financial and Insurance Agents.

OFFICES:

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NEW WESTMINSTER, - - - - - - - - Columbia Street
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Property in all parts of the Province for sale.
Fine residence or business property in Victoria and New Westminster.
Complete Maps and Price Lists of all lands for sale at Coal Harbor.
Investments made for non-residents.
Farms in the Fraser Valley.

MONEY TO LOAN. feb27

Wanted.

Advertisements under this head, three insertions 50 cents: six insertions, 75 cents.

WANTED.—Trawl Fishing. Parties are desirous of securing the services of a young or middle aged experienced trawler; one who thoroughly understands making and handling a trawl net as used on the English coasts or elsewhere. A man preferred who can assume charge of a vessel and who would, at the same time be able to take a small interest in a strongly organized enterprise for deep sea fishing. Address, giving reference, "Fishing Enterprise," P. O. box 758, Portland, Or. june15 2w

WANTED.—A lady who lost everything by the Vancouver City fire wishes employment in some family. Address Mrs. Sharp, P. O. Box 538, City. june17

WANTED.—A carpenter that can guide to finishers; also an Apprentice on Vests. Best wages paid. Apply immediately to LEVI THE TAILOR, Victoria. june17 1w

WANTED.—A Nursery Governess. Address P. O. Box 232, Victoria. june15

WANTED TO RENT.—A small residence, neat and comfortable, and within five minutes' walk of P. O. Any one having such a dwelling, new or to become vacant in a few weeks, will find a tenant by applying to Wm. Templeman, Times office. may22

For Sale.

FOR SALE.—A paying Hotel business. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Address 'Hotel,' Times office. june14

FOR SALE.—At a bargain, a two-story eight room House, with two lots and a never failing spring of water. Apply to R. LIDDELL, at Mr. H. Munsell's Boot and Shoe Store, Government street. june10 1m

To Let.

TO LET.—A well furnished room, with or without board, suitable for two gentlemen. Address L. W. this office. june 26-3t

FOR RENT.—An eight roomed House, hard finished, on Discovery street, between Blanchard and Douglas streets. Apply to John R. Mitchell or W. J. Armstrong, next door. je7 1m

Meetings to be Held.

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, Broughton street, between Government and Broad streets, on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
se8 1-ly W. R. MASON, Secretary.

THE Y. W. C. T. U. OF VICTORIA MEETS every third Monday in each month at Temperance Hall, on Pandora st., at 7.30 p. m. A good programme and sociable time at every meeting. Strangers cordially invited. no5-t

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMperance Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Rice Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7.30 o'clock precisely. S. GRAY, President.

W. J. QUINLAN, D.D.S.,

DENTIST,

Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College.

Rooms over the New Bank of B. C., Corner Government and Fort sts., Victoria. my31m

MIDWIFERY

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. Diploma and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Caledonia street over Gosnell's grocery store. my12

"WE LEAD"

—FOR—

ELEGANCE of Style, and BEAUTY of FINISH.

HALL and LOWE,

GOVERNMENT STREET,
Opposite Colonist office. my27

F. N. CORRIVEAU

Practical Horseshoer & Farrier.

Adjoining W. A. Robertson's Shop.

BROAD STREET.

(Opposite Burns & Co.'s Hardware Store.)

Livery and Team Horses Shod in accordance with the most advanced modern principles.

Gentlemen's Horses a specialty.

A Public Call for Coin!

From the well Known and long established Pawnbroker of Victoria.

Pledges now on hand must be sold.

Being determined to convert Unredeemed Pledges into CASH.

Look at the following list. Bargains to actual purchasers will be offered.

Solitaire Diamond Rings.
Solitaire Diamond Earrings.
Opal and Diamond Rings.
Solid Gold Chains.
Solid Gold Watches.
108 coin Silver Watches, all superior goods.
Field Glasses.
Breech Loading Shot Guns.
Choice set of Carpenter's Tools.
Fine line of Seth Thomas Clocks.
N.B.—Special Inducements will be offered to parties buying BLANKETS, having $1000 worth, which will be sold at a sacrifice.

A. A. AARONSON,

PAWNBROKER,

Johnson Street, - - Victoria.
june10 1m

Electors of Victoria.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE MEN'S and boys' straw hats will be offered at a discount of from 20 to 25 per cent. It is early in the season for such a reduction, but circumstances make the reduction imperative. In the first place, times are dull. In the second place, I have a very large stock of straw hats. The law of Demand and Supply does not seem to govern this branch of trade at all. Either there are too many straw hats, or else there are too few men and boys. Which of these theories is the correct one is immaterial. The fact remains that in the matter of straw hats I am in danger of (to use a parliamentary phrase) getting left. It is to avoid such a catastrophe, therefore, ladies and gentlemen, that I make this reduction—and make it thorough and immediate.

W. G. CAMERON, 48 Johnson Street.
je 11-1 mo

Signed in Ignorance.

[COPY.]

I hereby certify that the paper purporting to be a letter of "Address of Welcome" to Mr. Francis, which appeared in the Colonist, May 26th, was signed by me without knowledge that it contained a recommendation for his re-instatement," being deceived by Capt. Walker, who assured me that it was simply an "address of welcome," and I therefore did not read it. Signed,

W. J. McKEON,
WM. McKEON & SON.

Victoria, May 27, 1886.

Notice.

MR. ROBERT WILSON, the proprietor of the Private Boarding House on Cormorant street, Victoria, hereby gives notice that he is the sole Agent for the Canadian Mutual Aid Association in British Columbia. All applications to the Company for insurance should be made through him, as the Company will not accept any applications unless approved by him. Agencies will be established in New Westminster, Nanaimo, Cowichan and Vancouver as soon as residents of those places become members. All Agents are selected from the members of the Association and must be appointed by Mr. Wilson. All necessary information and papers can be obtained on application. je31m

Re Powers Brothers Estate.

WE BEG TO GIVE NOTICE that a first dividend in the above estate will be declared (and be payable) on the 15th day of July next, at the office of J. H. Todd & Son, Victoria. All parties who have any claim against said estate, and wish to participate in proceeds thereof, are hereby notified to present a certified statement in detail of such claim to us on or before said date.

J. H. TODD, } Assignees.
S. J. PITTS, }

June 4th, 1886. je4 D&W 1m

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Samuel Adler and James P. McCarthy, carrying on business at Granite City as Hotel keepers, in this day dissolved by mutual consent. Samuel Adler will continue on the business and assume all responsibility from date of partnership agreement.

(Signed) SAM'L ADLER.
J. P. McCARTHY.

Witness—G. C. WEBSTER.
Granite Creek, June 2, 1886. june9 D&W 1m

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a License to prospect for Coal over 1,920 acres of land situated on the Ya-Kown River, Graham Island, Queen Charlotte District, for one year from the date hereof, has been granted to Messrs. W. A. Robertson, James Shields, Thomas Russell, and James D. Robinson.

WM. SMITHE,
Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., May 24th, 1886. may 29

Notice.

HAVING PURCHASED THE GORGE Brickyard, formerly belonging to Kempster Brothers, we give notice that we will not be responsible for any debts on account of the Brickyard business, unless contracted upon our written order.

Victoria, May 26th, 1886
may28 MUSGON & HARKINS.

OPPOSITION MEETING.

The Candidates and Others Address the Audience.

An Enthusiastic Assemblage a Presage of Victory.

The opposition meeting in Philharmonic Hall on Saturday evening was the most enthusiastic gathering of the campaign, while the audience was limited only by the size of the building. The proceedings were opened by the appointment of His Worship Mayor Pell to the chair. The several candidates and a number of gentlemen supporting them occupied seats on the platform.

The chairman said he would reserve to himself the privilege of making a few remarks at the close in reference to statements made at a recent meeting by Mr. Duck, and that illustrious piece of humanity called Theo. Davie. (Laughter.) He introduced

Mr. Beaven, who on stepping forward, received an ovation. He said it was a duty of gentlemen occupying public positions to come forward and explain their conduct to the electors. Under our present form of legislation we must have two parties—a government and an opposition—unless we have these two parties properly organized the affairs of the country will not be properly managed. He had seen in the press that the issue was only one between the ins and the outs; but there was an issue, and it was whether the government shall in future be carried on corruptly or by a government chosen by yourselves. He had often wished that the legislative halls were large enough to hold all the citizens of Victoria, so that they might be present occasionally and witness the manner in which the business was conducted. During last session, if any one of the audience had been present he would have seen that many of the members were in the smoking room, instead of listening to the arguments that were being advanced, and when the bell was rung they all came in and voted solid 18 to the opposition six. Looking at the individual members of the House, there was Mr. Dunsmuir, who had not yet got his land from the Dominion government. During last session he had invited the members of the House to an excursion on the Island railway, an invitation which he was happy to say he had declined. Next day, notice was put on the paper of a resolution in respect to the curvatures of the road. The House passed that resolution, and he was credibly informed the Dominion government refused to accept a resolution and at next session a bill would have to be passed legalizing the curves and grades. It was consequently very much in Mr. Dunsmuir's interest that his friends should be elected. Already [illegible] and a strong effort will be made to return many more pliable followers. A speaker at a recent meeting had said that over 1000 settlers had gone upon the lands in the Island railway belt. This was a statement which he doubted, as in the districts referred to there were only about 300 voters and many of them had been old settlers elsewhere to the province. But even those who had taken up lands were unable to get titles, because Mr. Dunsmuir objected especial reference being made to the case of Mr. Waddington, who had been a resident of the district for fifteen years. [Applause.] Referring to the Settlement Bill he reminded the audience that the lands on the mainland were not yet in the market. He compared the Clements Bill with the Settlement Bill, and showed the great difference between the two. The Clements Bill provided for a railway to Seymour Narrows, a distance of 140 miles, while the present bill provided for one only 70 miles in length. The Clements bill provided for no money grant; the Settlement Bill gave $750,000. At the Government meeting Mr. Theo. Davie had stated that the company's lands were subjected to taxation at a certain date. This was not so, and he read from the Settlement Bill to show that so long as the lands were in the possession of the company they were not subject to taxation. [Hear, hear.] Another objectionable feature was the omission of any reference to a ferry to connect with the C. P. R. on Burrard Inlet. Coming to financial affairs, as discussed by Mr. Duck, he regretted that he had not had time to contradict on the same evening the statements then made, as they were then fresh upon the minds of the audience. He pointed out the error into which Mr. Duck had fallen and compared the contradictory statements made by Messrs. Duck and Davie. Mr. Duck had stated that the debt a year ago was $508,000, and Mr. Davie that the Walkem government had run the country into debt $989,000. (Laughter.) The only government that had reduced the debt was the second Walkem government. But Mr. Davie had included five months after he had left office, but no one, who expected him to maintain a reputation, would hold him responsible for the cash after John Robson had been handling it for five months. (Laughter.) Mr. Davie had said the Walkem-Beaven had been four years in office, but he did not tell the audience that they had gone into power in December, 1872, and had left early in 1876, thus holding them responsible for one year of the Elliott administration. (Applause.) The McCreight government was in power about a year and a half and left with an expenditure of ten thousand dollars over revenue. The second De Cosmos government expended over revenue $2500, and then the first Walkem government came into office. Its policy was to capitalize the subsidy, and on that policy they went to the people, who approved of it. The legislature also adopted it, and there was nothing wrong in that government expending more than the revenue. It was then called an extravagant government because it carried out its pledges, but in its second term it was denounced as too economical. (Laughter.) When that government left office it had expended $473,000 over revenue, and was succeeded by the Elliott government and what did they do? It was the most extravagant government, except the late one and Mr. Smithe was a member of it—that ever held office in this country. They left office with an expenditure of $721,000 over revenue, and was succeeded by the second Walkem-Beaven government, which during its term carried out to the letter the policy of retrenchment it had advocated. During its term the total revenue was $1,912,000, and the expenditure $1,910,000, so that we left the province $2000 ahead. A portion of that government's policy was to build the graving dock. The Dominion government had agreed to pay 5 per cent on £100,000, and the Dominion government was asked to capitalize that amount; the imperial government was also asked for a grant of $250,000, pending the receipt of which the Legislature was asked to authorize debentures, as the imperial grant was not to be paid until the work was completed. We let the contract for the dock, and it was not the revenue of the province that was used. The overdraft of that time was simply for the purpose of carrying on the work until the receipt of the money from the Dominion and Imperial Governments. Proceeding, he exposed the inaccuracy of statements made by Mr. Davie at the government meeting in reference to the amount alleged to be due workmen by the Beaven government, by reading from the public accounts. He did not think that Mr. Davie, a member of the Legislature, would make a deliberate misstatement; but rather incline to think that he did not know what he was talking about. He correctly stated that the overdraft was $62,000, but he grossly exaggerated the amount due to workmen. Having read from the public accounts the amounts due for various liabilities in connection with the dock, proving conclusively that only a very small amount was owing to workmen, he challenged Mr. Davie, who was in the audience, to dispute his statements. (Applause.) It was of course unavoidable that when a government left office current accounts would be unpaid; but instead of $76,000, as stated by Davie, he would guarantee to say that not more than one or two thousand dollars were due to workmen. When this government took office the finances were in a prosperous condition, and he read from the report of the Public Accounts Committee, which declared the financial position of the province to be "good." But what is the position to-day? A month before the Beaven government went out of office, the balance of assets over liabilities was $180,654, but now, according to Mr. Duck's statement, there was a large overdraft. We know that this government got $384,000 on account of the dock, and that the ordinary revenue was greatly increased, and still they are far behind. (Applause.) The increase of revenue, from four sources, amounted to $272,000, which consisted principally of the increase from the sale of lands. They have spent all the dry dock money, $384,000, the increased revenue, $272,000, and besides a large overdraft at the bank—made illegally—aggregating in round numbers, $800,000 more than the former Government had to expend. The salaries of officials had been increased fully $30,000. (Applause.) Roads have been built, particularly in Cowichan, to every man's door, to make them solid for the Government. In all the districts represented by ministers the appropriations were expended in six months instead of twelve, because the election were coming off and it was deemed necessary to corrupt the electors. He read from the Votes and Proceedings to show the difficulty the opposition encountered in procuring information [illegible] by himself, seconded by Mr. Galbraith, setting forth that it was desirable that the public accounts should be brought down early in the session, which was voted down. But after Mr. Davie's public meeting, when the temper of the people was ascertained, it was found advisable to bring down the information which they claimed before was impossible. He would like to have heard from Mr. Duck how he was going to pay the $37,500 to the New Westminster branch, when Chinamen were being employed there? [Applause.] He would give the Finance Minister an opportunity to-night to say how he was going to pay this money when he knew Chinese were being employed. It was said that at the next session the House would be asked to "whitewash" this matter—it was a great government for white-washing—as the practice of the Government was to do wrong and then ask the House to justify it. He illustrated how it was in Mr. Dunsmuir's interest to be in the House, and said it would pay him to buy it together. (Laughter.) It had been customary that no royalty should be paid on coal, but after Mr. Dunsmuir had secured all the known coal lands in the province, the government imposed a royalty of five cents a ton, so that if a poor man discovered a mine he would have to pay that amount while Mr. Dunsmuir pays nothing. (Applause.) Alluding to the educational question, he said that in early days a school bill, introduced by Mr. Robson, proposed to place the teachers under the control of the ministers. It was proposed to make it a political machine, and also to charge fees for admission into the High School. It was our boast that we offered a free education to all children, and among those who tried to impose a fee was the name of Mr. Theo. Davie. Alluding to the bill to increase representation he said it was feared that Mr. Dunsmuir's position at Nanaimo was shaky and another place had to be provided, and so one was tacked on to Cowichan. And now we have his son-in-law elected a member, but he the speaker, would rather have the principal any time than his tool. (Applause.) Mr. Beaven resumed his seat amidst enthusiastic applause, which was continued for several minutes.

Mr. Joseph Wrigleworth was the next speaker, and he met with a very hearty reception. He said that this was the first time he had appeared before the electors for legislative honors, but having been chosen as a candidate to represent the opposition in the Legislature it devolved upon him to make a few remarks. He had been a resident of the province since 1862, and he had traveled through many portions of it. He had no axe to grind and he would take particular notice that he turned no stone to grind other candidates' axes. (Cheers.) As to his political record he did not claim to have any. But he had served in the City Council for years. The *Colonist* had said that he had served the council without distinction; but what was the fact? When the Smithe-Robson government advertised for sale the reserved lots at James Bay the treasury was empty and the government wanted something to keep the box from collapsing altogether. (Cheers). The City Council at that time applied to [illegible] junction and could not get it. In spite of the opinion of the barrister the sale of those lots has been declared null and void. (Cheers.) It had all along been the policy of the government to do illegal acts, and then come to the legislature with bills to whitewash them. What was the case in the city of Victoria was also the case in New Westminster, where the sale of city reserves had been made by the government and then set aside. Thanks to the Dominion Government, they had come to the rescue of Victoria and New Westminster and had done them justice. No thanks to Mr. Duck! (No, no.) The policy of the government was to stick to the revenue coming from the sale of these lots to the very end, but they had been vetoed and he hoped that the city would either get back the lots or receive their present value as a money vote to be expended within the city limits. (Cheers.) At the last general election the ratepayers were led to believe that the milenium had arrived, if only the Smithe element could gain the ascendency. (Derisive cheers). But what about the laws they passed when they did get into office? Were they for the benefit of the workingmen? (No, no.) Every law they had passed ostensibly for the protection of the workingman had been disallowed at Ottawa, but every law for the benefit of the capitalist had been upheld. (Cheers.) This was the class of lawyers the last legislature had been constituted of! In his opinion they had acted unfairly. If returned the electors would find him a just and fair man to all. (Cheers.)

His Worship said that Mr. Lipsett would next address the audience. Mr. Lipsett said he came before the electors as a new man, and as one of the government candidates had recited his history so would he. He was born in the north of Ireland, [illegible] that you Councillor Smith talking? (Yes.) Well if it is, come up and I will talk to you on the platform. (Cheers and laughter.) If it is Coun. Smith he is not here as a representative of the workingmen. (Hear, hear.) In 1850, Mr. Lipsett went on to say, he had left for California and the first work he did was like a hard workingman building reservoirs, not like a "soldier" asking for work and praying that he would not get it. (A voice—"You will beat Prior.") He did not doubt that at all. (Hear, hear.) In June, 1858, he left California because in mining there his sluice boxes had been robbed, and then following the gold fever of Fraser river, he went up to Emory's Bar, where he rocked for gold. In 1859 he was appointed the first detective in British Columbia, under the *regime* of the then Governor Douglas. In 1860 he went to packing, and sinching up the mules with from 200 to 250 pounds on their backs. Feeling a little delicate (laughter) he left Douglas Portage in 1866, and then went to Big Bend. In 1868, he found himself in Cariboo, and in 1867 he took a ranch and went to work raising hogs. He had remained with the miners of Cariboo until 1875, and in 1876 he went into steamboating and lost money in the "Beaver." But there was no good crying about spilt milk. (Cheers.) So in 1878 he went into a speculation with J. McB. Smith, the present auditor for the Government. There he found a man whose word could not be disputed, and whose accounts, no matter what government was in power, were always right. Since then he had been identified with the interests of Victoria, and he now stood before the electors feeling confident that they would return him as one of their representatives for the next Legislature. (Cheers.) If they did so the press and his opponents could criticize him politically, not socially. The electors would not regret his return for he had been here 28 years working, as he believed, for the best interests of the country. He thought that he was just as capable of legislating for Victoria city and the province at large as any candidate now before them, and if returned he would do his best to stop Chinese immigration, but if the Celestial had to come then he would tax him to the uttermost. Capital could take care of itself, but his sympathy was with the sons of toil. (Cheers.)

Mr. R. T. Williams was the next speaker and his reception was in accord with that of the former speakers. Coming before the electors he would state that, personally, he had no ax to grind and in this respect he was very different from Mr. Prior, who not only had an ax to grind but had axes to sell. [Loud applause.] He had issued an address to the electors which doubtless had been thoroughly perused and he would not repeat it, except on points of great interest to the people of Victoria. He considered that he was just as capable of representing the city in the Legislature as any other candidate in the field. For twenty years past he had been amongst the elections and during that time he had averaged ten hours a day. [Cheers.] That was work. [Renewed cheers.] He was opposed to the expenditure of money to buy up, figuratively speaking, a man to serve Mr. Dunsmuir or anybody else and his aim was to have the mineral lands thrown open to all. He would do away with every official who used his position to further his own ends. [Cheers.] He was in favor of laws for the protection of the mechanic, but under the Smithe Government the law meant in its execution that a small debt of $20 could not be recovered without fees to lawyers and officials amounting to almost the entire amount.

Mr. Theo. Davie—No, no.

Mr. Williams, the exact sum to be paid in fees is $17.50. He then referred to taxation and showed that the workingman was much more heavily taxed for his labor than the capitalist was for his investment. Referring to the stipulation clauses in the bill for the construction of the railway from this city to North Saanich, he clearly pointed out that if similar clauses had been in the Nanaimo-Esquimalt railway bill, the electors would have Mr. Dunsmuir in their hands, instead of Mr. Dunsmuir having a great many in his hands. (Cheers.) The Government had put an amount on the estimates for the erection of law courts in Bastion square; but what could they do? The treasury was empty and where could they get the money honestly? Referring to the system of attendance of petit jurors he would see that, if elected, the juror was paid for his time to equalize it with the amount of taxes the government had never failed to impose. (Hear, hear.) He was strongly opposed to the present government on grounds which were thoroughly understood. He then went on to show that the Government had at all times been in favor of awarding contracts to the employers of Chinese labor. Referring to the "family compact" of the legislature, arranged by Mr. Dunsmuir's influence, as he believed, if the electors returned the monopolist candidates all Mr. Dunsmuir would have to do would be to pull the string and his dolls would dance. They would do just as he wanted them. (Applause.) He then referred to the strike at Nanaimo and showed how Mr. Davie had defeated the honest miner there. Alluding to the revenue of the city, he would strongly insist that the amount paid into the Provincial treasury by the city should be expended within the city limits. That was the city's right. (Cheers.) He would refer them to his action at a meeting of the Board of Trade in reference to the draft of an address to be forwarded to His Excellency the Governor-General. At that meeting he had insisted on the insertion of a line to show the baneful influence of Chinese over white labor. (Applause) but Mr. Prior who was there objected—

Mr. Prior—That is a falsehood. (Order, order.)

Mr. Williams continuing amidst shouts of proof, proof, said that Mr. Higgins and Mr. Barnard were present at the meeting of the Board of Trade, and heard his objections to the address as drafted. Mr. Barnard was in the audience and he could verify his (Mr. Williams') statement. (Loud cheering.)

Mr. Barnard—I was at that meeting and heard nothing of what you refer to.

Great applause from a coterie of claquers of ministerialists in the rear of the audience.

Mr. Williams—I came here prepared for such a statement. (Applause.)

Mr. Barnard—I remember, Mr. Williams, that you tried to make political capital out of the occasion by getting a Chinese clause inserted. (Uproarous cheering and hisses.)

Mr. Williams—I thank, Mr. Barnard, that is what I wanted you to admit. (Cheers.) You were there and contended that I wanted to make political capital and Mr. Prior being a large employer of Chinese was of the same opinion. (Cheers.)

The speaker then thanked the audience for the patient hearing given him and sat down amid great enthusiasm.

His Worship the Mayor next called upon Mr. J. Grant to address the meeting.

Mr. Grant was received most heartily. He asked the electors to dispassionately view the present situation and to cast their votes without sympathy or religious complexion—to vote on principle. He would ask his hearers if the present Government had been upright or just? [No, no.] He would remind them of their wicked give away throughout the Peace River country and of the leakage from the Lands and Works office whereby Mr. Ralph, a highly respected surveyor, had proceeded to Fort Simpson and staked off lands for the friends of the Government. He explained his vote on the Settlement Bill and most clearly showed that, so far from ever shirking a vote on it, he had insisted that it should be submitted to the people for their ratification before its taking effect. After reciting many of the deeds of the Government he referred to their action in corrupting the constituencies by putting every one to work upon the roads who had a vote, and doing that in both Esquimalt and Victoria districts, which they announced most emphatically could not be done before the first of July next for lack of funds. In conclusion he characterized the Government as the most corrupt that had ever occupied the treasury benches.

Mr. W. A. Robertson next spoke and challenged any voter to say truthfully that he was afraid of the government. He had never been afraid. (Cheers.) The electors could to-day see that the government had put up a ticket bound head and heels to monopolists and the candidates on the government side whenever any anti-Chinese question come before the public were conspicuous only by their absence. (Cheers.) He then went on to explain his exploration of Queen Charlotte Island and showed that he was not at that time paid by the government at all but was in a speculation in which Mr. Turner was interested. The government talked about encouraging coal mining; that was the title of their act, but their own acts should be designated "An Act to *dis*encourage coal mining." (Cheers.)

His Worship said that on some future occasion he would test the question of his veracity as compared with that of Mr. Theo. Davie and Mr. Duck and would show that the latter was a "flopper."

Mr. Lipsett moved a vote of thanks to His Worship for presiding and at 11:45 o'clock the meeting broke up with rousing cheers for the Opposition.

PRESENTATION.

Purse and Address Presented to Mrs. Reid, of the Public School.

On Wednesday afternoon, in the Central School, the teachers and pupils presented Mrs. Reid, who is retiring from the profession, with a purse containing a handsome sum of money and the following address:

Dear Mrs. Reid,—It is with deep regret we so lately learned that you were leaving us. On behalf of the teachers of high, central and ward schools, your old pupils, and those of this term, we would beg you to accept this slight token of our respect to you and our appreciation of your untiring efforts in this school for the past five years. We feel that we cannot let you thus close a chapter in your book of life without assuring you that wherever it pleases God to call you, you carry with you the esteem and deep respect of your fellow teachers, and the grateful love of many a child who has profited by your kind care and interest, which has been by no means confined to the schoolroom. We know that your gentle, untired patience, combined with firmness, has tided you over many a school difficulty where others would fail; and we feel that in leaving this school, the scene of so many happy hours, you have not only the ever comforting consciousness of having worked always with a whole heart; but also that much sought reward of every true teacher—you have seen that work prosper in your hands.

Mrs. Reid was so completely taken by surprise that she found difficulty in expressing her thanks. Mr. Hayward, secretary of the board, however, gallantly came to her rescue, and in fitting terms acknowledged the recipient's obligations for this evidence of their esteem and respect.

CEDAR HILL SCHOOL.

The midsummer examination of the above school was held last Friday, a number of lady and gentlemen visitors being present. Mr. Pope's prize, (Scott's poems) was awarded to Chas. E. King, and Mr. Shakespeare's ("A Sea Change") to R. Pollock. Mr. W. M. Wood and Mr. R. A. Anderson, present and late teacher, awarded three prizes for diligence, to Esther Pollock, Mary Todd and Willie Somers. The answering of the pupils in all the branches was very accurate and the order of the school excellent.

Charles E. King passed the examination for entrance to the High school.

ROLL OF HONOR.—Proficiency, Chas. E. King; punctuality and regularity, Esther Pollock; deportment, Adelaide Pollock.

FIFTH CLASS—1st, Esther Pollock; 2nd Mary Todd; 3rd, Robert Pollock.

FOURTH CLASS—1st, Mary King; 2nd, Jessie Lang; 3rd, Miles Todd; 4th, Hattie Nicholson.

THIRD CLASS—1st, Willie Somers; 2nd, Donald Hanking; 3rd, John Dougherty; 4th, Adelaide Pollock.

THIRD CLASS, Junior—Arthur Morrisy.

SECOND CLASS, Primer—1st, Geneveive Pollock; 2nd, Mary White; 3rd, John Somers; 4th, Lawrence Todd.

FIRST CLASS, Primer—1st, Annie Morrisy; 2nd, Lily Hooper; 3rd, Ted Bonyst; 4th, Alice Morrisy.

To-day's Despatches

GLADSTONE DENIES IT.

LONDON, June 28.—Gladstone has written as follows to John Bright: "I regret to read your letter to Mr. Peter Rylands. Without losing a moment I beg of you either to publicly except me from your assertion that one year ago all Liberals held Mr. Rylands' opinion or to give proof of what you say. Never since the Home Rule struggle was started, 15 years ago, have I condemned in principle, or held in any way, the opinions of Mr. Rylands which, to speak frankly, I think are absurd.

CANDIDATES IN THE FIELD.

In Ireland 77 Parnellite candidates will meet with no opposition; seven seats will be contested in London. Nine Tory seats will not be contested. In Scotland the Unionist and Conservatives will contest sixty out of seventy-two.

FROUDE, THE HISTORIAN.

writes that the Irish will be loyal and obedient if justly governed. They are as little capable of governing themselves as a ship's crew or any English public school. The proposed legislation would place a loyal and wealthy minority at the mercy of the mutinous and worthless. It is the least promising expedient ever proposed to recover shaken allegiance. The proposals of Gladstone are a repetition of those attempts under varying forms which always headed towards disaster.

CARDINAL MANNING

has written a letter denying the statement circulated that he was an opponent of home rule.

A RUINOUS POLICY.

Liberal Unionists of Ulster have issued an address protesting against Gladstone's policy, claiming it to be ruinous to the best interests of the country.

CHAMBERLAIN AND THE PREMIER.

Chamberlain writes saying he has earnestly desired to avoid anything like a personal controversy with the premier, but the statement the premier made on Friday alluding to the plan of the Irish land purchase he said Chamberlain requested him to have printed for submittal to government calls for his immediate notice. Chamberlain then goes on to deny the statement and explains what he really did say. He says he hopes at some future time, when in a position to develope them in light of official information, to submit his views to the general criticism. At present all he will say is that they differ in every essential particular from the government's plan. Above all is this that they do not contemplate the establishment of a separate and practical independent legislative body at Dublin. On the contrary they preserve the maintenance and unquestioned authority of the Imperial parliament.

THE FIELD-LABOUCHERE LIBEL SUIT.

When the case of Cyrus W. Field against Henry Labouchere, editor of the *Truth*, for libel was called for hearing, the Attorney General on behalf of Labouchere withdrew the plea, and in justification expressed Labouchere's regret for publishing the article and stated that he and Sir Henry James, W. Field's counsel, had agreed upon the amount that would be paid by Labouchere in satisfaction of costs, and asked the Judge to discharge the jury. It is understood that for several days Labouchere's counsel has been wanting to have the case settled by his making an apology and retraction and not paying anything for costs. This Field refused to accept.

CRANES IN A DORY.

Two men sailed for New York from the Clyde to-day in a boat 19 feet long. They took provisions for two months.

A SCOTCH MANSION BURNED.

EDINBURGH, June 28.—Balruddery Mansion, at Dundee, owned by Martin White, of New York, was destroyed by fire to-day. Loss $250,000.

OFFICIALLY DENIED.

TORONTO, June 28.—The *Mail's* Ottawa correspondent denies upon high authority the statements recently published that the Dominion Government, at the instance of the Imperial authorities, have relaxed their measures for the protection of Canadian fisheries. On the contrary there has been no interference of any kind on the part of the home government, and the Dominion government is determined in future, as in the past, to strictly enforce the law against United States fishing vessels found violating the treaty.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. George Sterritt, umpire in the International Baseball match to-day, belongs to Port Townsend and was telegraphed for to act for the Portland team. He is a private guest of Mr. Thomas Burnes of the American Hotel.

Mr. A. H. Thomson, wife and family are registered at the Oriental.

Mr. T. C. Sorby, goes up to Vancouver to-morrow and will return the following day.

Mr. H. C. M. Ridley and wife reached Queenstown per steamer Auranis on the morning of the 20th inst.

Mr. C. H. Prescott, of the N. P. Railway, arrived this morning from Puget Sound.

Dr. A. M. Taylor left to-day on a visit to Portland. He will return in about a week to resume the practice of his profession.

Mr. A. L. Maxwell, ticket agent for the Oregon Railway and Navigation Co., arrived this morning with many other friends from Portland on a flying visit to the Queen city.

Passengers per North Pacific: J O Hutchinson, C Hofferman, M S Pilcher, Miss Crankshank, M Edwards, R Doane, H Duckworth and wife, W K Linrawever, Mrs Andrews, Col G A Fisher, W A Harris, H Fonts, J R Arnold and wife, wife, A H Sabe, J C Anderson, T Rogers, J Berg, A P Proctor, C E Warner, Dr C Gunther and wife, G Warne, C H Fitzgerald, Mrs Welchman, W Roberts and wife, J Verseir, W Howell, S F Smith and wife, G Hoare and two daughters, C C Nightman, wife and four children, J Fawcett, wife and three children, S W Mitchell, Mrs Marston and two children, C Sewers, A Silton, J Treen, wife and three children, J Hayes, wife and two children, J J Potter, Mrs. L A. Dunham, C. H. Fullerton, S Prowsson, J H Bain, Mrs Anderson, J W Lewis, H Stevens, E N Crawford, T Kent, Jas Brooks, Charles Barton, J H Bell, G Bell, G E Sterritt, Johnson, Crowther, S H Wintrode.

THE CHIMES OF NORMANDY.

Victoria Theatre will doubtless be crowded with an audience to listen to the "Chimes of Normandy, which is to be reproduced by the Victoria Operatic and Dramatic Society for the benefit of the Vancouver city sufferers.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Monday, June 28, 1886.

THE DAILY TIMES,

—Published daily and weekly by the—

VICTORIA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, Ld.

OFFICE—Yates Street, next to Frank Campbell's Corner.

DAILY TIMES delivered in all parts of the city by carrier, at 25 cents per week.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. A twelvemonths not, inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than $1.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business—published at the following rate per line space of solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement:—

More than two days and not more than one week, 20 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 25 cents.

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 40 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2, and accepted only for every day insertion.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS, Classified, 10 cents per word per month. No card inserted for less than $2.00.

Notices inserted amongst regular reading matter 15 cents per line for each and every insertion.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of period ordered will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, is an excellent readable family journal, sent to all parts of Canada and the United States free of postage.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, per year $2.00
" " six months 1.25

TERMS—Strictly in advance.

Special Rates for WEEKLY TIMES

TO ADVERTISERS.—Changes for advertisements for the Daily edition must be handed in at the office not later than 10 a. m. on the morning of publication; otherwise insertion cannot be guaranteed.

Address, THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

A TRIUMPHAL TOUR.

Mr. GLADSTONE has returned from his election tour in Scotland and the North of England. To-morrow night he will address such of the electors of Liverpool as may be fortunate enough to gain admittance. No modern statesmah has been treated with such unbounded enthusiasm as was extended to the premier. All all the routes vast crowds gathered at the railway stations and cheered the remarks made by the Premier. At one station, where the Methodists were holding their conference, an adjournment took place to enable the members to present an address to the hon. gentleman, in endorsation of his policy. And so it was all along the line to Edinburgh. In that city the reception was even warmer than that accorded GLADSTONE on his first arrival to contest Midlothian with the Buccleuch family. There were no outward evidences of that defection from the Liberal ranks which opponents of Home Rule have been assuring us has taken place, and the indications are that the secessions from the Liberal ranks have been over-estimated. At all events, the situation warrants the hopeful anticipations of GLADSTONE and ROSEBERRY. The contest will beyond question be a severe one, possibly the most energetically conducted campaign that Great Britain has ever witnessed. All other questions on this occasion give place to the all-absorbing topic, shall Ireland be permitted to manage her own local affairs, or will the present unsatisfactory arrangement be continued? If answered in the affirmative, then the British people will be generously conceding to Ireland what has already been granted to Canada and to every self-governing colony in the Empire. If the reply is in the negative, it is difficult to forecast how much trouble may be in store for the Motherland. That there must be a solution to the great question propounded by the Premier, and that soon, no one who has studied the debates in the Parliament, and has seen how petty Irish questions monopolised the time of the House, to the exclusion of matters of Imperial interest, will for a moment doubt.

What are the prospects? To the late parliament there were 333 Liberals and 234 Tories sent from England and Scotland. Ireland sent 86 Nationalists, who on this question support the Liberals, and 17 anti-Home Rulers (Tories) who follow Lord SALISBURY. The defeat of the Liberals and Nationalists combined, on the Home Rule bill, was caused by the defection of the Conservative Whigs, under Lord HARTINGTON'S lead, who were classified as Liberals, and some extreme Radicals who follow Mr. CHAMBERLAIN. Has the defection of these members reached the people? The surface indications are that it has not to any great extent. In not a single instance has the action of any Whig or Radical who opposed Mr. GLADSTONE'S bill been endorsed by his constituents; and instead of that we have daily reports of meetings of Liberals in which the anti-Home Rulers have been repudiated, and the premier's policy endorsed. At last election, too, the Irish vote in England and Scotland was almost unanimously given to the Tory candidates, the Home Rulers having reached an understanding with Lord CARNARVON, then Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, that the Conservatives were favorable to self government for Ireland. There will be no such luck for the Tory members in the election now about to take place; the declaration of SALISBURY in favor of coercion having put that out of the question. The Irish Home Rulers will be sent back as strong, if not stronger, than at present. At last election several seats in Ulster were carried by the Tories by only a few votes, and these the friends of Home Rule hope to capture. Thus it will require something like a political revolution, of which there are at present few, if any, symptoms, to enable the Tories, who obtained 234 seats in England and Scotland under very favorable circumstances last election, to overcome the majority of the Liberals, who secured 333 seats.

We trust the grand old man will be granted health and strength to witness this the crowning reform of his half-century of service to his country. He is in his seventy-seventh year, and cannot draw too freely upon his stock of energy, but he has a wonderful amount of vitality yet, and has entered on the contest with much vim. He believes he is in the right, and that is half the battle.

THE QUESION OF BAIT.

The New York SUN for months past has kept up an incessant discussion on the fishery question. In a recent issue it states that "it is true that under the treaty of 1818, now in force, American fishermen can only enter into Canadian harbors, within the three-mile limit, for the specific purposes of procuring wood, water, shelter, or 'repairs'—that is, for the rights of hospitality. Buying bait does not come under any of these heads. But it is the custom to punish treaty infractions by specific statutes, prescribing specific penalties, and defining the offence in accordance with interpretations of treaty language. The Dominion statute, framed with this intent, evidently looks on the offence in question as that of fishing within the three mile limit, or preparing so to do. It does not specify the matter of buying bait, although undoubtedly arrests have been made for this act in times past as well as during the present year. Nevertheless, the recent introduction of amendatory legislation proposing to expressly make the buying of bait an offence, would seem to indicate doubt as to the real nature of this transaction under the present statute, provided the bait should be bought by an American vessel entitled to commercial privileges under the British statute of 1849. This doubt, coupled with some uneasiness as to the action of the British Government, as to the Nova Scotia secession movement, stimulated by the fishery quarrels, and as to the effect of the retaliations already authorized by Congress, should they be practically resorted to, may naturally lead Canadian statesmen to pause and consider."

NEW USES FOR BALLOONS.

A novel invention has recently been patented by Mr. Eric Stuart Bruce, M. A. being an electric translucent balloon for signalling, advertising and and other purposes. A model of it was exhibition in London last year, and one of the balloons twenty feet in diameter was shown nightly last summer at the Albert Palace, Battersea Park, for four weeks. The effect of the light inside the balloon, as there exhibited, was considered so successful that at the invitation of the Secretary of State for War Mr. Bruce carried out a series of experiments for her Majesty's Government before the Royal Engineers at Chatham in October last, and with such success that the inventor immediately received an order to supply his signalling apparatus to the Royal Engineers. The illumination depends upon the candle power within the balloon and the material of which the balloon is made. As executed at the Chatham experiments the light dispersed by the body of the translucent balloon was so brilliant and penetrative that when the balloon was in mid-air at the height of 500 ft. it cast a district shadow on the ground, and at the extremity of the field in which it was sent up, at 100 ft. or more from the balloon, a paper was distinctly read by the light of the balloon, on a dark night. At a subsequent trial of this system at Aldershot, under the Inspector of Army Signalling, the flashing lights of the balloon were distinctly read and responded to at a distance of some miles, though on that occasion the balloon was enveloped in a real fog and a heavy snow storm was falling. At the Albert Palace last summer the flashing lights of the balloon was observed at Uxbridge, a distance of from fifteen to sixteen miles.

ALWAYS AGAINST UNION.

In discussing the anti-confederation movement in Nova Scotia the Ottawa Evening *Journal* asserts that "if this outcry against confederation were of recent date we might be disposed to agree with our evening contemporary in regarding the secession movement as a protest against some form of misgovernment; but there has always been discontent down by the sea, (though not formally pronounced in a general election based on the issue itself,) ever since the unlucky day when Nova Scotia entered the union. It was never louder than during the MACKENZIE *regime*, when it was expressed in the House of Commons at Ottawa. From a Dominion point of view, the decision of the people of Nova Scotia is against union with the western provinces under any government, Liberal or Conservative. Mr. BLAKE would be just as obnoxious to them as Sir JOHN MACDONALD—more so, in fact, because he is the leader of a party who, in the words of a leading Nova Scotia Liberal, 'opposed every concession made to Nova Scotia,' and has never hesitated to upbraid the Conservative government for granting "better terms" to the discontented population in the east."

CHICAGO SUN:—The Canadians are engaged in systematic efforts, supported by a good deal of liberality in private and public expenditures, to divert a large share of the European trade of China, India and Australia to the new railroad route through the Dominion. Ample arrangements for ocean transportation on the Pacific, and across the Atlantic from the eastern ports of Canada, are to be made and some of them are already concluded. The route will hardly compare in any point with the great transcontinental lines of the United States; but as the Canadian Pacific Company is fighting for trade, and seems willing to win it by liberal rates instead of entering into combinations for "skinning" the commercial and traveling world, the prospect of some degree of success for the Dominion enterprise seems tolerably fair.

THE gross earnings of the Canadian Pacific for the week ending June 14th amounted to $194,000, an increase of $48,000 over the corresponding week of last year.

QUACK!

QUACK!

A $50,000 DUCK.

Every man ought to be aware that, as soon as he places his ballot in the box for Mr. Duck, he is actually voting to run the country $50,000 more into debt.—"Colonist," Feb. 9, 1876.

How true did the then supposed-to-be honest *Colonist* gnage its bird! ***Deficit of $129,454.23 on the 31st of December, 1885.***

QUACK!

Mr. Duck a Hen.

The Duck sat as quiet as a hen on her nest and said——nothing! The Workingman's candidate, indeed! The Workingmen's interest that Mr. Duck looked out for were—Mr. Duck's.—[Colonist, Feb. 11, 1876.

Jeremiah, chap. 13-23:—Can the Ethiopian change his skin, or the leopard his spots? * * *

A Portfolio for me; Government pap for my son.

QUACK!

Mr. Duck a Recreant.

And it is Mr. Duck and not Mr. Elliott who will come before the constituency in the character of a recreant. It is true that money has been sown broadcast. In that the late Government were too successful, and rumor says that no inconsiderable portion of it fell into Mr. Duck's furrow.—("Colonist," Feb. 10, 1876.

HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF.

'Tis true, 'tis pity and pity 'tis, 'tis true.

Allee samee in 1886!

QUACK!

Mr. Duck a Schoolboy.

Mr. Duck's speech had evidently been carefully "memorized." The sentences were of extraordinary length, and his manner was that of a school boy, having been wound up for examination, unrests himself in the presence of parents or guardians.—["Colonist," Feb. 18, 1876.

Did the "Colonist" foreshadow the side-splitting farce entitled: ***"My Budget Speech, or What I know about figgers."***

QUACK!

"Bartered his Independence!"

Mr. Duck fed sumptuously at the public table and always opposed the PUBLIC WHOSE BOUNTY HE ENJOYED. From the day that Mr. Duck BARTERED his independence for Government blacksmith work HIS USEFULNESS TO THE COUNTRY CEASED.—["Colonist," Feb. 18, 1876.

Confession of an honest soul, and true every word of it. ***You know how it is yourself, St. David!***

QUACK!

Mr. Duck's Airs.

The "airs" that Mr. Duck assumed over his fellow workmen after he had succeeded by their votes in getting in the House. * * * BEWARE OF DUCKS DISGUISED IN BORROWED PLUMAGE.—["Colonist," Feb. 21, 1876.

Free translation from Hindoo Proverb: ***"You can't make a whistle out of a pig's tail."***

QUACK!

A Decoy Duck!

"It is too bad that the ex-Chief Commissioner should insist on holding up Mr. Duck as a mark to be shot at. Mr. Duck has no hope of success.—["Colonist," Feb. 8, 1876.

This world does not go by contraries. The HONEST *Colonist* opposed *the then* HONEST DUCK, and he was elected. WILL HE BE DEFEATED BECAUSE THE SAME PAPER NOW SUPPORTS HIM?

QUACK!

Mr. Duck an Ostrich.

If Mr. Duck can swallow and digest them, he must have a stomach like an ostrich, which is said to be able to digest scrap iron and brass.—["Colonist," Feb. 10, 1876.

St. David, thou art almost entitled to be reckoned a prophet. Scrap iron and brass once did satisfy your duckling protegee. The bribe of $3000 a year, and incidentals, in glittering gold, was more than he could withstand. Gold, solid gold, did it. He swallowed and digested all his previous professions. St. David, thou did'st guage him correctly. Mr. Duck has a stomach like unto that of an ostrich—for gold, solid gold.

QUACK!

Mr. Duck's Friends.

Mr. Duck's friends are principally to be found in rings, in monopoly, cliques, and amongst those who have gorged themselves at the people's expense.—[Colonist, Feb. 21, 1876.

Tell me with whom you associate and I will tell you who you are, for a man is generally judged by the company he keeps.

QUACK!

Wasting Votes.

Electors, there is no use of putting anything to-day in the Duck's nest!—[Colonist, Feb. 21, 1876.

Nor will it be of any use on the 7th July, 1886.

Samuel May & Co.

TORONTO

Manufacturers of

Billiard & Pool Tables,

With Steel and Monarch Cushions.

Importers of and Dealers in all kinds of

BILLIARD MATERIAL

Ten Pin Alley Balls and Pins,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

SAMUEL MAY & CO., Victoria.
Send for Price List. mar11 D & W

John Meston

CARRIAGE MAKER,

BLACKSMITH, Etc.,

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets,

VICTORIA, B. C.

CHAS HAYWARD

Funeral Director

and Embalmer.

Government St. VICTORIA, B. C.

A. & W. WILSON

Plumbers, Gas Fitters,

BELL HANGERS AND TINSMITHS

Dealers in Best Descriptions

Heating and Cooking Stoves,

Ranges, Etc.

FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

TELEPHONE CALL, 126.

MASONIC BUILDING
CHEAP BOOTS
CHEAP VARIETY STORE
AND SHOES
DOUGLAS ST., Vic.

Mason's Preserving Jars

Qts $1.70, Half Gallons $2.10 per doz.

TABLE DELICACIES.

AND ALL KINDS OF

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Provisions, Liquors, Etc.,

Every article for hotel, boarding house or private family use.

HENRY SAUNDERS
Johnson Street

TOWN OF FARWELL

Lots for Sale.

ALLSOP & MASON.
oct19 6m

Musical Instruments.

JOHN B. MENDES

(LATELY FROM SAN FRANCISCO),

Has opened a

Musical Repairing Shop

IN THE INDIAN BAZAAR, JOHNSON street, corner Oriental Alley.

Mr. Mendes has made it a specialty for ten years of repairing Musical Instruments of every description. Steel Reeds for Accordeons and Concertinas a specialty. Work guaranteed. Orders promptly attended to.

Address JOHN B. MENDES, P. O. Box 288, Victoria. aug24 1m

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents.

PURCHASE, SELL AND LEASE PROPERTY, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relating to

REAL ESTATE.

Maps showing the various districts on the mainland and whole of the situation of Victoria City Lots, Homesteads, Pre-emptions and Farm Lands can be consulted at their office. fe13

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

23 and 27 Fremont street, San Francisco, Cal.,

DEALERS IN

CALIFORNIA WINES

AND

FINEST BOURBON WHISKIES.

ap10 3m

Portland Advertisem'ts.

The St. Charles,

LEADING HOTEL

Of the Northwest,

Corner Front and Morrison Streets

PORTLAND, OREGON.

200 ROOMS.

C. W. KNOWLES, Prop.

THE HOUSE has just been thoroughly overhauled from ground floor to attic, being repainted, papered and refurnished throughout. Twenty additional rooms on the west end, second floor, all entirely new in appointments.

An OTIS ELEVATOR has just been introduced, with a capacity for carrying ten tons weight, making the upper floors as convenient as those on the ground.

THE ST. CHARLES, as now arranged, is undoubtedly the finest and most complete establishment of the kind in the Northwest.

THE RESTAURANT

In charge of CHARLES HEILMAN, is conducted in first class style and affords visitors every luxury known to the epicure. june7

Dr. SPINNEY

Multnomah Block, opposite Post office,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

TREATS with the same remarkable success as of old, ALL CHRONIC, NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES. Correspondence solicited and prompt attention given thereto. Call, or write for pamphlet and list of questions. june7

W. S. SIREY. L. C. COULTER

Louisville Restaurant,

170 FIRST STREET,

Portland, - - Oregon.

COULTER & SIREY, Proprietors

Private rooms for ladies. Open day and night. june1 1m

J. McCRAKEN & Co.

Importers, Wholesale Grocers and

Commission Merchants,

60, 62 and 64 North Front Street,

PORTLAND, - - - OREGON.

june5

Corbett & Macleay,

Importers and

Wholesale Grocers,

SHIPPING AND

Commission Merchants

PORTLAND, - - OREGON.

june5 D&W

—THE—

'PORTLAND'

CHOICE FAMILY

Patent Roller

FLOUR

Is the Best, Healthiest and

CHEAPEST!

For sale by all the leading Dealers.

USE NO OTHER!

june6

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Windsor, Bakers' and Mount Hood Superfine Flour.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.

TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.

ISOM. LANNING & CO.
ang 14 tf Proprietors.

Awarded First Premium at Oregon State Fair 1882, 1883, 1884. Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics Fair, 1882, 1883, 1884.

Capitol Mills Flour

FULL ROLLER PROCESS,

Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capitol Flour Mills Company, Limited.

ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.

The above flour was sold at New Orleans, after close of the Exhibition, for 75 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Redon, the Baker who bought it, the best he had ever used.

Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland.
Mills—Salem, Oregon.

PORTLAND AGENT:
ALEX. GRANT,
3 Stark street

OREGON MILLING CO.'S

ROYAL FLOUR

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

Sold by all leading Grocers.

JOHN WILSON,
Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria,
Agent for British Columbia.

Empire Brewery.

HENNING PETERS, late of the Lion Brewery is now prepared to supply the trade and families with all kinds of

Beer, Ale and Porter.

The Brewery is situated on Spring Ridge, and is built over a well of pure, ever running spring water. This fact enables me to manufacture the very finest brands, equal to any imported Ale, Beer and Porter.

The machinery used is of latest pattern, the ingredients are pure water, malt and hops, and a trial is only necessary to convince that the brands are the finest manufactured in the Province.

All orders for city supply, or for shipment to Island or Mainland points will receive prompt attention and a satisfactory article furnished.

HENNING PETERS,
Empire Brewery,
Spring Ridge, Victoria, B. C.
oct16 tf

LEVI THE TAILOR

My Suit was made by LEVI THE TAILOR.

Has Received a Good Assortment of

English, Scotch and American

GOODS.

The Finest Patterns in this Market.

Call at once and secure your $25 Suits and $7 Pants.

You Will Be Astonished At Prices.

Fit guaranteed in every case.

Remember LEVI THE TAILOR,

37 Johnson Street, Victoria, B.C.

my4 1m

SO WAS MINE.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.

LIMITED.

Taking effect from June 15th, Steamers will leave as follows, viz:—

FROM VICTORIA FOR	Monday.	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday.	Saturday	Sunday
Ladner's & New Westminster	7 A M	.....	7 A M	.....	7 A M	.....	.....
Port Hammond	7 A M	.....	.....	.....	7 A M	.....	.....
Plumper Pass	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 A M	.....	.....
Granville, Moodyville	.....	7 A M	.....	7 A M	.....	.....	12 M
Port Moody	.....	7 A M	.....	.....	.....	.....	12 M
Hope and Way Landings	7 A M	.....	.....	.....	7 A M	.....	.....
Yale and Way Landings	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 A M	.....	.....

Alberni, 7th July.

STEAMER MAUDE FOR CHARTER Coal from Nanaimo, delivered on wharf Victoria $1 per ton.

No freight will be received after 5 p.m.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

E. G. PRIOR,

—IMPORTER OF—

Iron, Steel,

HARDWARE

—AND—

Agricult'rl Machinery

Builders' Hardware,
Miners' Outfits,
Farm Wagons,
Plows, Harrows,
Mowers, Reapers
Twine Binders,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

GOVERNMENT ST., - - VICTORIA.

J. H. MARER,

Just arrived from San Francisco,

Manufacturer

—OF—

FINE FURS,

Will open business in the New Building of the Bank of British Columbia

On Monday or Tuesday next.

SEAL SKIN COATS

Made to order, Dyed, Altered and Repaired.

Fur Trimmings,

Capes, Caps, Muffs,

Victorines, &c.

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INSOMNIA IN THE AGED.

Some of Its Causes—Symptoms and Treatment—Various Remedies.

In opening a discussion on this subject, Dr. C. L. Dana said that he had found the information contained in the text-books upon insomnia in the aged was very slight in amount. Insomnia was not frequent in the aged, but when it was present it was sometimes very intractable. Pathologists thought it was due to anæmia and malnutrition. The thickened arterial walls and the high arterial tension from the contracted kidneys, and similar states, which were found in the aged, would indicate that the blood supply to the brain was deficient. The insomnia produced by anæmia was characterized by drowsiness during the daytime, the patient falling into little naps, while at night he was unable to obtain any rest. This was true of the young as well as the old. If in any case we found no actual disease, it was customary to try iron and rich diet. In the speaker's experience, however, iron did not relieve anæmia of the aged so as to produce sleep. Alcohol with the food was another remedy, and many recommended hot gruel or hot milk with alcohol before going to bed. While alcohol would relieve some cases, there were others in which the insomnia was increased.

The bromides and chloral, even when given in enormous doses, often failed to give relief. Opium was another remedy. Dr. H. C. Wood had recommended that we make our aged people opium eaters and alcohol drinkers. The speaker had not found that opium always agreed with the aged, and in his experience, where opium had produced sleep, it was sometimes followed by such physical and mental depression as precluded its further use.

He had been disappointed in bromide and chloral, and considered the results of opium sometimes disastrous. He recommended good food, warm drinks at night, and small doses of codeia with cannabis indica. Valerian and lavender, hyoscyamine, and lupulin sometimes were also useful drugs.—Bulletin of Clinical Society.

Bismarck's Narrow Escape.

An illustration how great issues may depend upon insignificant incidents is furnished by a passage in the career of Prince Bismarck. About the year 1850 the regent of the duchy of Anhalt-Bernbourg requested the Prussian government to name several men from whom one might be chosen for high state office in the duchy. The request was complied with, and among the names was that of "Otto von Bismarck zu Schonhausen."

Bismarck and another were ordered to present themselves on a certain day before the regent for demonstration of their fitness for the position to be filled. Both traveled accordingly to the center of the duchy, but as ill-luck or luck would have it, the axle of the carriage in which Bismarck journeyed broke on the way, and he was compelled to stay a night with the rest of the passengers at the nearest town. Next day he resumed his journey, but he arrived twenty-four hours after the time appointed for the interview. In the mean time his rival had the post. So Bismarck returned home, and in time became imperial chancellor instead.—Pall Mall Gazette.

A Digression at an Auction Sale.

I was idling away half an hour at an auction of bankrupt stock in the dry goods district the other morning when an excited individual from the crowd of bidders rushed up and said something in confidence to the auctioneer. The latter rapped on his desk and announced:

"Gentlemen: Mr. X. here has just discovered that he has lost his pocket-book. It contains money and valuable papers, and he offers a reward of $100 for it."

A fat man with a solemn face replied promply:

"A hundred and five."

"One ten," called a voice.

"Fifteen."

"Twenty."

They had run it up to $500 when owner of the pocket-book yelled:

"Hold on! hold on! There's no profit in that. There's only $400 in the pocket-book and the papers aren't negotiable."

Then the business of the sale was resumed.—New York Sun.

How W. D. Howells Writes Novels.

I never have more than one novel on hand at a time, though I may now and then write a sketch of travels by way of a change. I have, of course, a general idea of what I am going to write before I begin a novel, but I do not analyze a plan and think it up in chapters before hand. All I have at the beginning is the general idea. I invent chapters and incidents as I go along. Thus, each morning consists of new inventions, and the work is pleasant and does not grow stale. When I first began to write I had great trouble as to the plot, and I worried over my incidents and conversations. I could not make the people talk. I afterwards found that the reason why I could not do this was because I had nothing to say myself.

If a man has ideas and experiences he finds his conversations coming easily, in the illustration of them. If he has nothing to say he finds the talk as flat as that of two people who are thrown together with not an interest in common. I have little trouble with my conversations now, and the plot is a bugbear no longer. As to my incidents I feared for some time that my fictitious ones would not be as natural as those which had actually existed. This fear was allayed by a friend of mine who took my "Wedding Journey" and marked with a pencil the incidents which he considered real and those he thought I had invented. He mixed up truth and invention to a wonderful extent."—"Carp's Interview in Cleveland Leader.

Carriages at the National Capital.

I see more varieties of carriages here than in any city of the globe, perhaps. The patent pavements of the town allow carry-alls, chariots, herdics, hansoms, bicycles, gigs, tandem teams and what not. The great old rolling carriage called the landau is not as often seen as formerly. Considerable private equipage is in Washington. With all this show there is a fair democratic conservatism among the new strangers. I heard rather a pretty story not long ago of a major-general of the British army who came here on a visit from India, and a prominent man, who was not in politics, to whom the stranger brought a letter, put him in his fine carriage and took him everywhere. The Englishman said one day: "I see that some of these carriages have drivers in livery suits while yours has not."

"No, sir," said the man; "I never put my driver in livery, because I have a little superstition in it. I am a speculator, and have my ups and downs, and it occurred to me that some day or other I might be poor, and that my son might have to drive one of these carriages; and I think I would not like to see him in that kind of livery uniform."

The Englishman, it is said, took his acquaintance warmly by the hand and said that he had been looking in America, ever since he landed in San Francisco, for an American, but up to that time he had seen nothing but Englishmen in the country.—"Gath" in Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Paintings in the Paris Salon.

It is estimated that the pictures sent to the Paris Salon this year would, if placed in a line, extend for seven kilometres. A minute's examination bestowed on each would take 116 hours.

To the Electors of

Esquimalt District.

GENTLEMEN:

In again offering myself as a candidate for your district, in conjunction with Mr. Helgesen, I wish to point out that the result of the present election is a matter of much greater importance than appears to be generally understood.

During the past four years the province has been nominally governed by the Smithe ministry, but in reality by Mr. Dunsmuir, to the injury, not only of the farmers, traders, and workingmen, but also of the smaller capalists.

A striking example of this is found in the failure of the ministry to exclude Chinese labor from the Island Railroad, in spite of their pronounced anti-Chinese utterances, when seeking election in 1882.

The impropriety of allowing a gentleman holding an enormous contract with the province to control the legislature is so obvious that it requires no demonstration.

The terms of the Island Railway contract have already been modified in favor of the company; and, with a pliant legislature, further concessions, still more disadvantageous to the public may follow.

Never before, since responsible government was introduced in British Columbia, has the public welfare been systematically sacrificed to forward private ends as has been the case under Mr. Smithe's regime.

Receiving an exceptionally large revenue, the present administration have yet contrived to increase the provincial debt, and by reckless expenditure, simply with a view to catch votes, have wasted the revenue they controlled.

If the working men of our Province really hope to see any effective legislation on those subjects which principally affect their interests such as a Mechanics' Lien Law, a Workman's Protection Law, now is their opportunity. They should unitedly support, by their votes and influence, the opposition candidates; and if on the other hand, by bringing forward a multiplicity of candidates, they divide the voting power, the effect will be to leave them—as they have been during the past Parliament—without power in the Legislature.

In Mr. Helgesen, the district has a well-tried friend, whose sterling integrity gained for him the respect of both sides of the late House; and should I be returned with him, your interests will always command my fullest attention.

J. ROLAND HETT.

TO THE ELECTORS OF

Cassiar District.

GENTLEMEN:—

As you are again called upon to select a representative to attend to your interests in the Legislature, I offer myself as a candidate for that honorable position, at the request of a number of electors, and respectfully solicit your support and votes.

I am opposed to the general policy of the present Government; fully believing that if they should be retained in power for another term, their past practice of frittering away the people's money for the purpose of buying votes, by unjust discrimination, will ultimately end in heavy indebtedness and consequent increased taxation.

The government having had a largely increased revenue, principally augmented by land payments and sales thereof, have so manipulated the public monies that the full benefits which ought to have accrued to the province have not been realized. The debt of the province consequently has been largely increased, without any corresponding benefit.

As the Government have alienated very large tracts of the public domain, without the country receiving an equivalent, there is not any guarantee that they will not pursue the same policy in the future.

The whole conduct of the government, during the last four sessions, has proved conclusively to unbiased, thinking men, that they really were not possessed of any real defined policy, but moved from day to day as a few of their servile followers and dictators indicated.

In the matter of the Settlement Bill they acknowledged that they could only deal with the propositions which it contained as dictated by the Dominion Government, stating in the Legislature, when the bill was before that body, that they were not allowed to make any alteration in the smallest matter, but that our Legislature had to accept or reject it as it was, clinching that position with the statement that the local powers could not even change the stroke of a "t" or the dot of an "i." Was this not very humiliating?

The conduct of the premier, in divulging the intended action of the Executive, is in itself a crime of that reprehensible character, which ought to consign him and his government to oblivion for ever.

As the future prosperity of this Province depends largely upon wise legislation, I am of opinion that a scheme should be perfected, with the object of enabling those to reclaim agricultural lands who may not have the means to do so. A plan of this kind having obtained elsewhere, with beneficial results, — and if carried into effect would enable our farmers to supply the wants of this country; thereby keeping the money among ourselves which now goes to our cousins across the line.

Knowing that one of the most important of our latent resources is quartz mining, a scheme ought to be promulgated which would tend at once to its development.

Seeing that British Columbia owes so much to her placer mines, the Government ought to be instructed to encourage a search for new fields, by offering a bonus by way of a percentage to the discoverer, on the mining licenses issued, or claims recorded.

One of the measures which ought to engross the attention of the next Legislature is a system of assisted white immigration for the purpose of supplying help to replace that class conceded by nearly all to be objectionable.

Believing that the true interests of our Province are general, and not local, I am in favor of the Legislature assisting the establishment of a ferry from the termini of the Canadian Pacific Railway to the Island, knowing that in its accomplishment the mainland would not be injured; at the same time the Island undoubtedly would be benefited.

The encouragement of manufactures, ought, under all circumstances, to receive the best attention of the new House, so that employment at home may be had for both old and young.

The Alaska boundary ought to be established and fixed so as to prevent complications in the future, which could be done most satisfactory and at less expense to both countries if a general average line between several points were agreed upon. An agreement could be more easily arrived at now than at a time when valuable international interests may crop up.

Generally, the particular interests of the district, as well as those of the whole province, if elected, shall at all times claim my best attention and endeavors.

Yours, very respectfully,

JOHN GRANT.

Esquimalt District.

Messrs. HELGESEN and HETT

Will be Candidates for Esquimalt District, at the General Election, in opposition to the present Government.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE

City of Victoria

GENTLEMEN—

The Legislative Assembly having been dissolved, I again respectfully solicit your suffrages. I consider that the record of he Smithe administration must condemn it in the eyes of all thinking men. Assuming office, as they did, when the province was in a prosperous financial condition, and when railway construction and the opening of railway communication with the Northern Pacific coast was attracting population to our shores, and when a firm defence of the rights of the province would have brought about a final and satisfactory settlement of our just claims against the Federal government—they have in the short space of three and a half years, during which they have held office, relinquished our rights; sold and given away the property of the province, illegally borrowed and squandered money; and brought the country to the verge of that disaster which prevailed when Mr. Smithe was removed from the position of Finance Minister eight years ago. The government boast that the revenue has largely increased under their management; an analysis of the figures show that the increase is due to the sale of the graving dock; the sale of lands; the tax collected from men temporarily employed upon the railway; and the forfeiture of McNamee & Co's deposit of nearly $12,000 on account of the dock contract. It is needless for me to point out that such sources of revenue cannot be relied upon in the future.

The fact was disclosed at the last sitting of parliament that the salaries of ministers, of the civil servants, of the school teachers, and the grants to charitable institutions, were paid and the general business of the country carried on only through the courtesy of the manager of the Bank of British Columbia in honoring the Finance Minister's cheque, against which there were no funds to draw, and, as you will remember, the Legislature was asked to, and did sanction the issue of $300,000 in provincial bonds to meet the overdraft.

As I deem it to be the duty of a candidate to meet the electors upon a public platform in order to explain his views, I shall take an early opportunity to do so, assuring you that if elected I shall endeavor to advance the interests of this city and of the province generally.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

June 15, 1886.

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

VICTORIA CITY!

GENTLEMEN:—

I am again before you on the same side that I upheld about one year ago, when you gave me a most generous support.

If you confer on me the honor of electing me as one of your representatives I shall favor, to the best of my ability, a progressive and judicious policy, thereby endeavoring to avoid the business stagnation only too plainly existing at present, and shall favor the following measures:

Every possible encouragement to aid in opening up our mineral wealth and the prospecting of the country;

To make the laws in relation to members of the Legislature more stringent, so far as relates to members having any direct or indirect connection either through relations or friends, with government contracts, of any kind whatever, and to [illegible] our legislative halls of every appearance of members taking advantage of their official position to further their own ends.

Laws for the protection of the tradesman and mechanic, whereby they can speedily recover small debts without appealing to the tedious process of the County Court.

I shall support all measures tending to the advancement and assistance of the toiling masses in every possible way, consistent with a just and honest course of action. Being a hard worker myself, I may possibly have a better knowledge of the wants of the workingman than those who do not labor with their hands.

Fair and square dealing with the government tenders for work, whereby all men, carpenters bricklayers or whoever they may be, shall have their tenders honestly and fairly dealt with, giving all men in the matter of tendering for government contracts a fair and equal chance with each other.

Equalization of taxation in every possible way;

To give every reasonable encouragement towards the projected building of a line of railway to North Saanich, provided the stipulated understanding is carried out that the rates of fare and freight are to be controlled by the people through legislative action, and with a further understanding that the said railway shall at any time become the property of the people of British Columbia, whenever they wish to pay a reasonable and fair price for acquiring the ownership of the said road, with a view of operating it as a government undertaking.

The erection of a large and stately building on the present old gaol site, shall receive my best support.

That all Jurymen shall be properly paid for loss of time.

To simplify the laws in relation to voting, so that all men, especially the working classes, shall be quickly and without delay and loss of time from their labor, placed on the voters lists. By this means they will have a vote, and control such legislative action, both on the Chinese question and all other questions relating to labor, as their numbers and influence justly entitle them to.

There are many other matters of great public utility that should be speedily introduced, all of which shall receive my careful attention.

If I am favored with your suffrages I shall work for your interests without any consideration of personal gain, beyond the honor you will confer on me in electing me as your representative, with the distinct understanding that if elected I shall support the opposition to the present Government, as I consider those in power are not entitled to the confidence of the people of the province at large, and more especially those resident in the important district of Victoria City.

I am, gentlemen, yours respectfully,

G. T. WILLIAMS.

TO THE ELECTORS

OF

VICTORIA CITY.

GENTLEMEN:—

Having been requested by a number of my friends to become a candidate for Victoria City at the approaching Provincial election, it affords me much pleasure to accede to their request.

In accepting the nomination I wish to state that I am in opposition to the present Government. In stating so I have to say that no matter which side a measure may emanate from, that will confer the greatest good on the largest number, will always have my support.

I shall carefully study the interests of Victoria City and those of the Province in general.

At the first public meeting called by my friends I shall there explain my views more fully to the public.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen, your obt. servant,
R. LIPSETT.

je16

TO THE ELECTORS

OF

Victoria City District.

GENTLEMEN:

In acceding to the request of a number of voters to place myself in nomination to represent the City of Victoria at the coming Election, I beg to state that I am opposed to the present Government, and will only give my support to measures which, in my opinion, will be calculated to be for the good of the country at large.

I shall take the opportunity, as early as possible, to lay my views more fully before you.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,

J. WRIGLESWORTH.

Victoria, June 21, 1886. june21

TO THE ELECTORS OF

VICTORIA CITY.

GENTLEMEN:

Having been solicited in a largely signed requisition to offer myself as a candidate for Victoria City at the approaching Provincial Election I have the honor to announce my compliance with the request.

In soliciting your votes and interest I have to state that I come forward as a supporter of the present Government, being quite satisfied that their policy has been beneficial to the Province.

If returned I shall give my support to every measure, emanating from whatever source, which has for its object the promotion of the welfare of this district and the province in general.

june15 J. H. TURNER.

TO THEEL ECTORS OF

Victoria City District.

GENTLEMEN,—In soliciting the honor of your suffrages at the ensuing election, I do so at the request of a large number of voters.

I am in sympathy with the policy of the present Government, and so long as they continue to administer the affairs of the Province as heretofore they shall, if you do me the honor of electing me, receive my support.

At the same time, I wish it to be distinctly understood that I shall reserve to myself the privilege of studying what I may consider to be your interests before that of any party policy. At a public meeting to be held shortly I shall be happy to meet you and there express my views more fully.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Yours respectfully,

june14 E. G. PRIOR.

TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF

VICTORIA CITY.

GENTLEMEN—

For a second time I am a Candidate for a seat in the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia.

In asking your suffrages, I can, I think, refer with confidence to my course as one of your representatives during the last four year.

It would be out of place now to enter into details respecting the votes I have given on the various measures brought before the House, beyond this, that I was actuated at all times and upon all measures by the sincerest desire to serve the best interests of our Province according to my judgment: and should you do me the honor to return me again, the progress and welfare of British Columbia will be my first object, and shall command my best exertions.

I shall take the opportunity of addressing you in Public meetings upon political topics when I shall endeavor to fully explain my views upon the issues of the day.

june 16 THEODORE DAVIE.

REQUISITION.

To R. Dunsmuir, Esq., M.P.P.

THE UNDERSIGNED, Electors and residents of Nanaimo District, wishing to be represented in the Provincial Parliament by gentlemen who we feel have the general welfare of the Province at heart, and believing from the large interests you have amongst us that your services will be of much value to this constituency, hereby request that you will allow yourself to be nominated as a candidate for the representation of this district at the next election, and we pledge ourselves to use our utmost endeavors to secure your return.

J Webb, J Pargeter, sr., W Akenhead, G Churchill, J B Greenwell, J Gordon, Thos Penny, C Beonie, R Nightingale, D Jones, J Phillips, J Dick, P Sabiston, J Beck, W L LeBallister, C Black, W H Hopkins, John Swift, H P Smith, W L Jeffrey, W M Burke, J T O'Brian, J Wilson, D Johnson, W Gibson, W Quinn, A Grant, H McLean, A McLeod, H McAdle, J McLeod, L Page, S Fiddick, J Beaven, R Waskins, G McAllister, D S R Roberts, R P Norris, A Easson, H Bolton, J Norris, J Bolton, J Harvey, W McDonald, Hugh Bolton, W Harrison, W Raybould, H G Leaycraft, T Holton, W Isbister, R Evans, S Brightman, J J Davis, J Hoskins, jr, A D McKenzie, W Aird, J Pargeter, D Smith, F Pafford, T Akenhead, T Wilks, R Richardson, M Manley, J J Thomas, F H Pearce, P R Smith, N Smith, C York, B Isom, J B Johnson, J McDonald, C L Smith, S Hudson, J McIntosh, J D Edwards, W Manuel, F Coyne, G Williams, E Hoskins, W Horne, R Scott, S Harrower, T Kennedy, J McNeil, J Gilmore, A Ross, L Mounce, R Beauchamp, J Gillespie, John Woods, J Robson, T White, L Jones, James Reid, G Shillito, J Fraser, J Turner, Wm Hodson, W J Briley, C McDonald, and 268 others.

REPLY.

VICTORIA, 25th May, 1886.

TO MESSRS. J. WEBB, J. PARGETER, W. AKENHEAD and others.

GENTLEMEN:—Until the receipt of your numerously signed requisition it was not my intention to become a candidate for your district, for I felt that you might consider my time was so thoroughly occupied with my own business affairs that your interests could be better entrusted to other hands than my own. I cannot, however, disregard the requisition you have so kindly sent me, recognizing therein that whatever has been lacking in my effort on your behalf you credit me in the past with good intentions, and express confidence as to my conserving your interests in the future. I cannot afford to refuse compliance with the wishes of so many who are residents of a district in which I have spent the best portion of my life and in which they and myself have a common interest. I therefor heartily thank you for the nomination and cheerfully accept it, and if elected I shall do my best to promote the well being of your constituency.

I believe that the Government which I have supported during the past four years has materially advanced the prosperity of the Province, and while their efforts are continued in the same direction, I shall, if elected, render them independent support, believing such a course will be in the best interest of the country and in accordance with the view of the great majority of the whole people.

I am Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
my31 R. DUNSMUIR.

A. J. SMITH,

The Workingmen's Candidate, asks the support of the Electors. He will remain in the field until the last vote is polled.

We Sell to Build Up a Business.

COME and SEE OUR NEW STOCK!

THE BEST VALUE EVER OFFERED ON THE PACIFIC COAST!

AT B. WILLIAMS',

Johnson Street, bet. Broad and Douglas.

Suits for Young and Old to suit all tastes. Comfortable Overcoats at all prices. Underwear of all grades and lowest prices. Hats, Caps, Mitts, Gloves, Ties, Socks, Shirts, Trunks, Umbrellas, and Valises. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

TO THE ELECTORS

OF

Victoria District.

GENTLEMEN—

I am, as already announced, a candidate to fill the important position as one of your representatives in the Provincial Legislature, and I therefore respectfully solicit your support and confidence.

In order to obtain this it is doubtless necessary to indicate my opinions on the important political issues of the day.

In this address I shall only briefly allude to some of the most important questions now before the country, leaving the more detailed discussion for the meetings about to be held in various parts of the district.

I am opposed to any further alienation of Crown lands, which has been carried on to such an alarming extent by the present government.

The Settlement and Kootenay Bills and Coal Harbor extension transaction, I condemn, as being in many respects prejudicial to the best interests of the province.

If elected I shall use every effort to secure efficiency, consistent with economy, in the expenditure of the money appropriations for the roads in this district, and honestly endeavor to have all parts of the district treated in a just and impartial manner.

The Indian affairs of the province require some attention, as they are at present in a somewhat unsatisfactory condition.

This being essentially a farming district, and as I am identified with that pursuit, to a considerable extent, therefore be assured that, if honored with your choice, I shall lose no opportunity of advancing the agricultural interests of the province in general, and of this district in particular.

And now, gentlemen, in conclusion, I wish it to be distinctly understood that although in opposition to the present Government, all measures consistent with the best interests of my constituents, shall receive the hearty support of my voice and vote, emanate from which side they may.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen, yours respectfully,

JOHN SLUGGETT.

J. W. CAREY will be a Candidate for this City at the coming Provincial Election.

je22

E. G. PRIOR

Begs respectfully to announce that he will be a Candidate for the City at the ensuing Election.

MR. JOHN GRANT

Will be a Candidate for re-election to represent the District of Cassiar at the coming Provincial Election.

To Unfortunate Settlers on Island Railway Lands.

Seeing that an article entitled "to settlers on Island Railway lands" has occupied a prominent position in your paper for some time past, we beg leave to reply. The Settlement Act provides that all railway lands shall be open for four years to actual settlers for agricultural purposes in sections of 160 acres at $1 per acre. This, the above Act guarantees to settlers. The declaration made by R. Dunsmuir, President of the Company, would lead any one to suppose that they have been fulfilling all the requirements of the law and not withholding said lands from actual settlers. This is not the case. The undersigned have been on said lands for various periods—all actual settlers—and cannot get any acknowledgment of their rights by the corrupt Smithe Government, or the Government boss, R. Dunsmuir, who has threatened to spend $10,000 to drive us from the land. Things are coming to a fine pass if Crocker's gold can corrupt the Minister of the interior, the Minister of justice and the Smithe Government, in defiance of both the letter and spirit of the law. From his (Dunsmuir's) past actions we can only judge what to expect in the future—who has abused the power placed in him by his constituents is not worthy to be trusted a second time. Is Mr. Dunsmuir able to get this act of injustice as easily legalized as his deviations from the terms of the Island Railway contract.

S. WADDINGTON,
D. HOGGAN. P. BRODIE.

Supreme Court.

In the matter of ALEX. McLEAN and others, Plaintiffs; and the CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA and THOMAS RUSSELL, the Water Commissioner, Defendants, and of the Corporation of Victoria Water Works Act, 1873, and the Amending Acts.

ON THE APPLICATION of Mr Russell, the Water Commissioner, and by and with the consent of Mr. McLean, acting on behalf of himself and others who obtained the Injunction in this cause, and on the undertaking of the Mayor by and on behalf of the Corporation, and Mr. Russell, the Water Commissioner, that a fair and ample supply of water shall be furnished to the residents and taxpayers on the upper levels of the city for and during the period hereinafter named and with a view to enable an available plan to be considered and matured for securing an ultimate permanent supply to the residents of the upper levels as well as those of the other parts of the city: It is hereby ordered that the period named in the Order of this Court dated the 27th day of May last, for the temporary suspension of the Injunction be hereby extended to and until the 10th day of August next, without prejudice to the rights of the Mayor and Corporation, the Water Commissioner, or the parties obtaining the Injunction, and with leave to all or either of the said parties to apply in case of noncompliance with the order.

Dated the 17th June, 1886.

J. H. GRAY, J.S.C.

june18

SAILING OF VESSELS—RAILROADS.

For Coal Harbor, Pt. Moody, Hastings & English Bay.

The Steamer Teaser

WILL leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s Wharf for the above ports

Every Monday Morning at 7 o'clock,

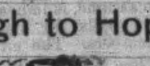
Returning on Tuesday.

For particulars apply on board to
ap2 1m G. CAVIN, Master.

FOR NEW WESTMINSTER

—AND—

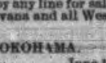
Through to Hope.



The Steamer Teaser

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNING for New Westminster, connecting with the steamer Gladys for Hope and way ports, returning to Victoria or Thursday and Sunday.
For particulars apply on board to
ap2 1m GEO. CAVIN, Master.

PACIFIC Mail Steamship Co.



THE COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL SAIL
For NEW YORK via PANAMA,
CITY OF NEW YORK, June 8
At 10 o clock A. M

Taking freight and passengers for Mazatlan San Blas, Manzanillo, Acapulco, Champerico, San Jose de Guatemala and La Libertad, and via Acapulco for other Mexican and Central American ports.

Tickets to and from Europe by any line for sale at the lowest rates; also for Havana and all West Indian ports.

FOR HONGKONG via YOKOHAMA.
City of Sydney .... June 12
at 2 o'clock, P.M.

Excursion tickets to Yokohama and return at reduced rates.

For freight or passage apply at the office, cor [illegible]
WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents.

Hotels and Restaurants.

The Burrard Hotel,

Cor. Hastings St. & Columbia Avenue,
VANCOUVER, B C.
Will Re-open about July 1st.
may 16 MARTIN & BALFOUR, Proprietors.

Mayne Island House.

MAYNE ISLAND, PLUMPER PASS.

A BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE RESORT FOR Parties or Families desiring to spend a few days or weeks in the country.

First Class Fishing and Shooting in Season.

Boats &c., provided. Terms reasonable.
may25 1m JOHN PUETZ, Proprietor.

The Colonist Hotel!

BEACON HILL.

Lovely Scenery! Beautiful Surroundings!

A pleasant and healthful summer resort, overlooking Juan de Fuca Straits, and only one mile from the Postoffice, Victoria.

Families can be provided with suites of rooms at moderate charges. A first class Cook has just been engaged. Telephone call 547. mar22

Globe Hotel,

ESQUIMALT.

Board and Lodging moderate. Billiard Room attached.
☞ No Chinamen employed.
aug7 tf DOYLE & FISHER, Proprietors.

California Hotel,

Cor. Washington and Adams sts.,
Port Townsend, Washington Ter

BOARD—Per Week, with Lodging, $5.
Single Meals, 25 cents.
Best of accommodations and everything in first class style. Billiard and Pool Table.
je9,1y CAPT. C. GILBERT, Proprietor.

SUNNYSIDE HOTEL,

GRANVILLE.

FIRST-CLASS in every particular, Rates, $1, $1.50 and $2 per day, according to accomodation. Special rates by the week or month. The largest and most commodious hotel on Burrard Inlet. Fittings and furnishings throughout new. A large number of guests can be accommodated.
oct5 H. HEMLOW, Proprietor.

The Gordon Hotel,

Johnson St., between Store & Wharf

WHERE "OLD BOB" will be found at his usual business of selling BAD WHISKEY, but good Cigars.

The undersigned cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.

ROBERT McDERMOTT.
Victoria, January 8th, 1886. jan8

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

Southeast Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Board and Lodging, per week ...... $5.50 and $6.
Board, per week $4.50
Beds, per night ...... [illegible]

No Chinese Employed.

The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
sep18 JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.

CLASSIFIED BUSINESS CARDS

PHYSICIANS.

DRS. HALL & HALL,
Physicians, Surgeons & Accoucheurs.
OFFICE—Theater Block, Douglas street.

J. L. HALL, M.D., C.M. ☞ Special attention given to diseases of the Throat, Chest and Skin
F. W. HALL, M.D., C.M. ☞ Special attention given to diseases of the Eye and Ear.
apl tf Consultation Free.

HOTELS.

THE AMERICAN HOTEL,
ESTABLISHED 1869,
YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
Rates $1 to $1 50 per day.
july13 T. J. BURNES.

CIVIL ENGINEERS

HARRIS & HARGREAVES,
CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, AND ARCHITECTS.
S. E. cor. of Government & Fort Sts., up-stairs VICTORIA, B. C.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished fo buildings.

ARCHITECTS.

S. C. BURRIS,
ARCHITECT,
Yates and Broad streets,
MOODY'S BUILDING (Up stairs.) dec

E. H. FISHER,
Architect,
DeCosmos' New Block, Government street,
VICTORIA, B. C. P. O. Box 474.

JOHN TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

REAL ESTATE

F. REVELY,
Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer, Rent and Debt Collector,
Money loaned. Business promptly attended to. P. O. Box 438. nov9

ROBT. LIPSETT,
REAL ESTATE BROKER AND FINANCIAL AGENT,
july1 Government street, Victoria, B. C.

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Bastion street, next to Bank of British Columbia, Victoria. P. O. Box 50.

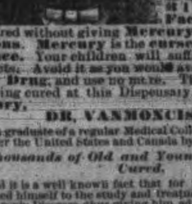
MERCHANTS.

TURNER, BEETON & Co
MERCHANTS.
H. C. BEETON & Co. 36 FINSBURY CIRCUS LONDON E.C. Wharf Street, Victoria, B.

GROCERIES.

J. FINLAYSON
Corner of Government and Broughton streets, Victoria, B C.
Dealer in FINE FAMILY GROCERIES, of all kinds. Table delicacies in great variety. Also choice Tea and Coffee.

DR. VANMONCISCAR,
THE WELL-KNOWN
SPECIALIST,
Proprietor & Consulting Physician of the Only Private Dispensary on the Pacific Coast, now permanently located at
132, 134, Third Street, Portland, Or.



DR. VANMONCISCAR has made the treatment of Private Diseases of Men a special study and practice for many years. Over 4000 cases treated yearly. Recent cases of private diseases cured in a short time. Ulcers, Humors and Blotches on Face or Body cured without giving Mercury or other Poisons. Mercury is the curse of the human race. Your children will suffer from its effects. Avoid it as you would avoid any deadly Drug, and use no more. These diseases are being cured at this Dispensary without Mercury.

DR. VANMONCISCAR
is a graduate of a regular Medical College, is well known over the United States and Canada by
Thousands of Old and Young Men he has Cured.

and it is a well known fact that for years he has confined himself to the study and treatment of Sexual and Chronic Diseases, thus giving him advantages few possess. Dr. Vanmonciscar addresses himself particularly to those who have already tried various physicians and remedies from whom they have received no benefit, and who, in fact, have done them more harm than good. Medicine, like all other sciences, is progressive, and every year shows proof of its advances by a combination of remedies of great curative power. Dr. Vanmonciscar has so arranged his treatment that it will afford not only immediate relief, but permanent cures.

YOUNG MEN

who are suffering from the effects of youthful indiscretions showing some of the following symptoms: Nervous and Physical Debility, Impotency (Incapacity) Lost Manhood, Abuses of the system, Exhausted Vitality, Confusion of Ideas, Dull and Loss of Brilliancy to the Eye, Aversion to Society, Despondency, Pimples on the Face, Loss of Energy, and Frequency of Urinating. You may be in the first stages, but remember you are fast approaching the last. Do not let false pride and sham modesty deter you from attending to your ailments. Many a bright and naturally gifted young man, endowed with genius, has permitted his case to run on and on, until remorse racked his intellect, and finally death claimed its victim. Remember that "Procrastination is the thief of time." So lay aside your pride, and consult one who thoroughly understands your ailment, and who will know your case, and find permanent relief for an ailment that has made day a drudgery and night hideous. Thousands upon thousands of men in good standing in the social world, of prominence in the world are to-day suffering from the fruits of their doings, the seeds of which were sown during moments of thoughtlessness. [illegible] proof to substantiate this fact. [illegible] could not appeal to you more sincerely. [illegible] cherished counsels of a [illegible] remember that you are to-day. [illegible] station in society, the time is as inevitable as fate when your brilliancy will, like a flash, depart, leaving you a stranded wreck—desolate, forgotten and lost; so embrace the opportunity and enjoy life and happiness longer. If you claim to be a man, act your part manly. Do not console yourself with the thought that Nature will help itself, for in doing so you not only fan the flame, but wreck Nature and yourself. Remember, "Large oaks from little acorns grow." "Little ills germinate fatal diseases."

Middle-aged Men,

married or single, who are prematurely old, as a result of excesses or youthful follies, and who are troubled by too frequent evacuation of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and finding a deposit of ropy sediment in the urine, and sometimes small particles of albumen will appear, or the color will first be of a thin or milkish hue, and again changing to a dark or torpid appearance, causing nervous debility and loss of Vitality. Remember, this is the second stage of Seminal Weakness. In all such cases a perfect cure is guaranteed, and a radical restoration of the Genito-Urinary Organs. All interviews and letters are sacredly confided. Medicines packed so as not to excite curiosity, and sent, by express, if full description of case is given; but one personal interview in all cases preferred. Patients treated by case or monthly. Call early and avoid crowding. Office hours: 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.; Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Monday, June 28, 1886.

Opposition Candidates
FOR VICTORIA CITY.

Robert Beaven,
Robert Lipsett,
Robert Taylor Williams,
Joseph Wriglesworth.

The Opposition Committee will meet every evening at the Committee rooms, corner of Yates and Langley Streets.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Blank at the City Police Court again this morning. Law and order.

—Read Cameron's address to the electors.

—Ice cream freezers at E. G. Prior's Government street.

—Pendray & Co.'s Oatmeal Toilet Soap is gaining in favor every day.

—If you want a modern building, have your plans made by Fisher the Architect.

—Mr. D. Ellis, of the Grand Pacific, will conduct the bar and refreshment stand at the Caledonian picnic.

—If you want an article that will give you satisfaction every time, try Pendray & Co.'s Blue Mottled Soap.

—The Sal Soda and Washing Powder manufactured by Pendray & Co., is the best in the market and cheap, too.

—Millinery, Feathers and Flowers at cost. Childrens mantles and jackets at cost at the CITY HOUSE.

—Ice cream in quantities to suit, delivered in any part of the city by Young Bros., New England Bakery.

—Mr. L. J. Birdsall, late manager of the Victoria Driving park, has severed his connection with that place of amusement.

—The entertainment at Agricultural Grounds Saturday night was fairly attended, notwithstanding counter attractions. Dancing was indulged in till midnight.

—Ladies' Indian Gauze, Summer Merino and Silk and Wool Underwear. Lightest goods manufactured for warm weather, at the CITY HOUSE.

—T. J. Jones, L.D.S., has removed his dental rooms over the new Bank of British Columbia, corner of Government and Fort streets. Telephone Call No. 507.

—The Chimes of Normandy was successfully rehearsed Saturday night and will be produced to-night at the Victoria for the Vancouver sufferers.

—DRESSMAKERS desirous of making up the most stylish and fashionable costumes and MANTLES should inspect the new trimmings lately received by the City House.

—Coronation day! Queen Victoria was crowned on the 28th June, 1838, succeeding William IV. on the 20th June, 1837. She is now in the 49th year of her reign.

—The young man who advertised a few weeks ago for a partner to engage in a manufacturing enterprise found one, got hold of his cash about $3500 and skipped.

—The thoroughbred Jersey Bull "El Rio," No. 13608, at Kelvin street, (opposite Tolmie's gate) Saanich Road. For particulars of service apply to F. REVELY, Victoria. P. O. Box 438.

—MRS. V. A. LePrince, Fashionable Dressmaker; wedding and mourning dresses a specialty. Dress makers wanted. Government street, next to Bank of British Columbia.

—The Blue Ribbon Club held a social Saturday evening. There was a very large attendance and a varied programme was rendered, several sailors from the navy taking an active part in songs, etc., to veis one's delight.

—F. C. Innes & Co., Real Estate Brokers, and Financial Agents, Vancouver, B. C., attend promptly to all enquiries about the terminal city; *Free Reading Room* for use of strangers arriving in Vancouver.

—The M. B. Curtis Co., arrived by the Queen this morning from San Francisco and will open at the Victoria to-morrow evening in "Sam'l of Posen." The play is a "corker" and should draw an immense house.

—When you visit the city of Portland, Or., on business or pleasure, be sure and register at the St. Charles Hotel, which is centrally located and in the very centre of business. It is in every respect a first class hotel.

—The entertainment and readings by Miss Collin, announced to be held at the Pandora street Presbyterian Church on Saturday night, have been postponed until to-morrow (Tuesday). The admission will be 25 cents.

—Bush and Seeley will try their strength over the three-mile course next Friday evening at 7 o'clock for $100 a side. Both men are in active training and the final deposit of $50 will be put up in Mr. Frank Campbell's hands on or before the day of the race.

—Consignees per steamer North Pacific to-day: A Cook, A J Rowbotham, C Stronss & Co, Coldwell & K, Fell & Co, J Dwyer & Co, J H Seeley, J Weiler, Marvin & Tilton, Welch, Rithet & Co, McCormack, A Ofner, A W Huson, S. J. Pitts.

—The base ball match which was to have been played at Beacon Hill, between the Rock Bay and James Bay clubs this morning did not take place owing to the non appearance of the James Bay club who had evidently "funked." The Rock Bay club therefore claims the game.

Hall & Quackenbush, Vancouver, B. C., have the most complete list of business and suburban properties for sale at the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Price and terms to suit all parties. Inquiries by mail promptly answered. References.

—Ten pounds of prepared opium, found in one of the rooms of the steamer North Pacific, were seized by Customs Inspector Charles S. Davis, and turned over to the officials at Port Townsend last Wednesday. The drug was valued at $120, and was most likely taken on board at this port.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

We wish to call special attention to a nice assortment of millinery and straw goods now being opened which will be found of the latest styles and most fashionable colors. Also to a variety of new dress materials plushes, laces, mitts, gloves, etc. These goods comprise the latest novelties in the market, and were selected personally by Mr. E. White, and are marked at prices that will insure a speedy sale.

BROWN & WHITE.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* thinks Canada "a lasting peril to this country." Why should this pearl be coveted by the Cincinnati dealers in swine?

POLITICAL POINTERS.

The enthusiasm at the political meeting on Saturday night is an augury of success for the opposition. The unanimity and spontaniality of the applause, when telling points were made against the government, was in marked contrast to the coldness and dissent that characterised the audience at the Theatre Comique last week. Mr. BEAVEN spoke well and to the point, and by the incontestible evidence of the public accounts proved Mr. DAVIE's "figgers" to be false and Mr. DUCK's mystifications to be the logical result of ignorance of the details of the department over which he is supposed to preside. Thoroughly informed in every department of the service, sincere in his convictions and earnest in the advocacy of his views, it was but natural that he should carry the large audience with him. The confidence of his friends was increased, the doubtful and wavering were convinced and even former opponents were shaken in their hostility. The honesty, personal and political integrity, and ability of ROBERT BEAVEN stand unimpeachable simply because they are unassailable. They are a guarantee that any government of which he is a member will be above suspicion of wrong doing. His election is beyond peradventure; but the electors of British Columbia must—if they would avail themselves of his services—return with him a strong following in the House. Messrs. WRIGLESWORTH, WILLIAMS and LIPSETT, the other three opposition candidates and Mr. JOHN GRANT and W. A. ROBERTSON delivered telling speeches, and although the audience did not disperse until after eleven o'clock, there were no manifestations of weariness. The number and character of the audience, and the unequivocal endorsation of the utterances of the speakers, if not too much to assume, is indicative of victory at the polls for the four opposition members. The city of Victoria, at least, is tired of the misrule of SMITHE & Co., and will vote for a change.

The *Industrial News* has kindly given us a hint of what we may expect, corporally and physically, from Mr. BLACKETT should we "dare to cast slanderous and unworthy imputations" on his sincerity. We are really much indebted to our contemporary, and although nothing was farther from our intention, we now have an additional incentive to do right. The insinuation that we had slandered Mr. B. is, of course, all mooushine. We simply stated the fact, known to many, that Mr. BLACKETT had been a government official not very long ago, and might be again in the not distant future. A "wedge" is a powerful mechanical contrivance to split asunder a compact body, and after the government implent has served its purpose it will be taken care of until required to do a little more "disintegrating." The effect of Mr. BLACKETT's course, and the candidature of Messrs SMITH and DUVAL, is as clearly in the interest of the government candidates as though they were their proclaimed supporters, and the election in Victoria of a Government supporter will be attributable to the split which they are doing all in their power to widen.

If the electors of Victoria approve of the Settlement bill—if they are prepared to condone the conduct of the Premier in divulging cabinet secrets in order that "friends" would receive an advantage—if they favor the sale of all our timber lands to speculators at $2.50 per acre, without stipulations, thus surrendering for ever the only considerable source of revenue left to the province—if they agree with the financial policy that has brought the country to the verge of bankruptcy, they will vote for DUCK, DAVIE, TURNER and PRIOR. Many will vote for these gentlemen for purely personal considerations, the effect, however, is the same although the motives may be different.

The government supporters are asked to meet at Philharmonic Hall and the supporters of Messrs SMITH and DUVAL at Theatre Comique to morrow (Tuesday) evening. As Sir BOYLE ROACHE observed, not being birds the electors cannot be at both places at the same time, which the government candidates, who were the last to announce their meeting, must have taken advantage of the hope that workingmen would not be present to hear them.

In COMOX, Mr. STEENHOUSE was nominated by Messrs. R. T. CARWITHEN, DAVID WILLIAMS, J. P., PATRICK MURPHY, JOHN URQUHART, and W. E. HARRISTON. There seems to be a settled conviction, even among poor Mr. DINGWALL's supporters, that Mr. STEENHOUSE's election is a foregone conclusion. The Government are no doubt felicitating themselves upon having seen the last of the man who "always voted with the majority."

While the *Colonist* is anxious to obtain information as to those who suffered throught the building of the cofferdam, the organ, in order to be consistent, should state the number of workmen and merchants in this city who lost by contractor WAUGH.

FINANCIAL ABILITY DESIRABLE.

The evidence is overwhelmingly conclusive that the finances of the province, when controlled by the present premier, Hon. Mr. Smithe during the Elliott administration, was so wretchedly managed that it became necessary for the House to appoint a select committee to investigate the subject. Mr. William Wilson, then representing this city was chairman of the investigating committee, and submitted to the assembly the following report:

"Your committee are of opinion that in "the interest of the public source it is "desirable that the responsible position "of Finance Minister should at all times "be held by a gentleman possessed of a "knowledge of accounts.

None will pretend to affirm that Mr. Duck has more knowledge of accounts than his chief. That which was true of Mr. Smithe's ability is applicable to Mr. Duck in an eminently greater degree.

MR. DUNSMUIR AT NANAIMO.

The Nanaimo *Free Press* is loud in its praise of Mr. Dunsmuir's speeches in that city and at Wellington last week. That journal claims that even Dr. O'Brian, whom it accuses of being the arch-agitator in the movement against Mr. Dunsmuir, has acknowledged that gentleman's conduct in connection with the enterprise to have been that of a straight-forward, honest person. When the Settlement Bill was passing through the Assembly the *Free Press* was exceedingly hostile to Mr. Dunsmuir, and the question naturally is asked: What change has come over the spirit of its dream, that it is now so lavish in its praise of a scheme it so strenously opposed early in 1884? Mr. Dunsmuir's Nanaimo organ asserts that the two speeches recently delivered by him is the first explanation the people of this province has received from him of his connection with the railway negotiations; and now that "more light" has been thrown on the subject the spirit of hostility at first existing is disappearing. The *Free Press* admits that Mr. Dunsmuir protected not only his own interests, but likewise those of the Vancouver Coal Company and every property owner in the district.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Westward Ho!, Dr. O'Brians organ, gives a another version of the Wednesday evening meeting, which it says was called by Messrs. Raybould and Dunsmuir. The former made a doleful speech in attempting to reconcile his action and his platform, as enunciated four years ago. Mr. Dunsmuir followed, making for himself the best possible defence under the circumstances. When he came under the crossfire of Messrs. Gemmell, Horgan, McKinlay, Hodgson, Waddington and others he did not succeed so well as he could have wished for. Following Mr. Dunsmuir came Mr. Thompson and Dr. O'Brian—for whom it is claimed that he had the sympathy of the meeting with him. Mr. Gordon, M. P., addressed the meeting, and Mr. Dunsmuir on rising accused that gentleman of treachery to his constituents. Mr. Gordon replied somewhat warmly to Mr. Dunsmuir's remarks and asked that gentleman if he had invited him to a seat on the platform to be insulted. The excitement at this stage of the proceedings became in ense. The meeting broke up among hisses and confusion.

CRICKET.

Victoria v. H. M. Fleet. The return match between the above elevens at Beacon Hill on Saturday resulted in a majority for Victoria of 105 runs on the first innings. Scores: Fleet, 78 and 117 for 5 wickets; Victoria, 183. Capt. Rose played a capital innings of 40 in the first essay and scored freely in the second also, while Lieut. Gaisford hit in brilliant style for 49 (not out.) For the winners Irving (37) and Campbell (18) scored 58 runs for the first wicket, five bowlers being tried before a separation was affected; Snowden headed the list with a well hit 44. Handcock's 36 were rapidly put together, Ward was "not out" with a good 15, and Bennett contributed 11. Though both games played this year have been technical victories for the city, the teams are apparently well matched and much interest will attach to a third encounter. New matting afforded the best wicket yet obtained and the batsmen were seen at much greater advantage than heretofore.

SWAN LAKE MEETING.

The meeting at Swan Lake on Saturday night was well attended. The chair was taken by Mr. James Tolmie, and Mr. T. B. Humphreys was the first speaker. He spoke for about an hour, reviewing the acts of the government and exposing the inefficiency of Mr. John as a representative, and showed that though Mr. Anderson might by a good baker he was very indifferent as a politician. Mr. John spoke briefly and was followed by Mr. Sluggett, who dealt specially with the bad condition of the finances. He called upon Mr. John to explain what he meant when he said Dunsmuir was as good as any other six men in the House. It indicated that he had either taken a bribe or knew of some one who had. Mr. John did not vouchsafe a reply, and Mr. Anderson closed the meeting by a few remarks in the old strain. The electors were fairly well divided in opinion.

CORONATION DAY.

Flags were afloat all along the harbor and from ships discharging, early this morning, in recognition of Coronation Day. The tri-color was wafted to the breeze from Mr. Schl's furniture factory and in every part of the city there was loyal evidence significant of the day when the Queen first was crowned "Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland." The thoroughfares were crowded with visitors from Portland, and the public vehicles carrying the Stars and Stripes and the flag of Old England did a prolific business. The principal feature of the afternoon was the base-ball match at Beacon Hill. By general agreement the dry-goods and other stores put up their shutters and it was a half-holiday for all but the newspaper men, who had to be at the "case" or on the tripod.

CONGRATULATIONS.

Twenty years ago yesterday, on the 27th of June, 1866, the *Bulletin* was launched upon the stormy sea of journalism, and ever since that time, in sunshine and in rain, through evil and through good report, summer and winter, several editions per day for seven days in the week have regularly appeared. During those twenty years, Editor Frank Campbell has never been absent from his post for 24 hours at one time, except on one occasion, but with strict impartiality and in terse and simple words, has chronicled the news of the day in a manner that he who ran might read. A file of the *Bulletin*, had such a thing been kept, would have been a unique specimen of journalism and would be entitled, for its historical value, to a place in the government library and museum, about to be formed. Long life to the *Bulletin* and may its genial publisher live to issue it for many years to come.

THE PORTLAND TEAM.

The Portland base ball team are quartered at the Oriental hotel. Their names are Fred. H. Martin, (manager) J. W. Timmons, W. R. Glendenning, I. Calhoun, L. C. Coulter (captain), A. P. Brandt, R. Lee, R. H. Thompson, Frank Connolly, F. J. Bailey, W. S. Duniway, F. G. Effinger and J. Franley. The team will leave tomorrow for home.

At the time of going to press, five innings had been played, resulting as follows:

Portland	2	3	0	1	3	0			8
Amities	0	4	0	3	3	0			10

HE RISES TO EXPLAIN, BUT FAILS.

It would be as easy for a camel to pass through the eye of a needle, or the leopard to change its spots as for the editor of the *Colonist* to convince the public that he was not a red hot annexationist; nor that he did not rise on more than one occasion the sentiment that no HYSKOS GOD "HE WAS NOT AN ENGLISH MAN!"

TROTTING RACE.

The trotting race on Saturday last at the Driving Park between Davis' horse Mack and Gerow's horse Jim was won by the former, which took the first and third heats after a close contest. The time was 3:23, 3:21, 3:12.

TIME DEFEATING TIME.

The scythe of Time is not now days as the sickle that reaped the golden crops in Old England and the far east. Our dispatches tell us that the first direct train over the Canada Pacific railway for this coast, was to leave Montreal this Monday) morning and running on schedule time over a well ballasted road, carefully constructed, should bring the long-looked for train to Port Moody by 4 p. m. next Sunday morning. The train, returning on the 6th (Tuesday), will show how time can defeat the time made by other transcontinental lines.

The splendid steamer Yosemite, it is understood, will make close connection with the through trains at Port Moody; full particulars of her departure and arrival at this port will doubtless be daily announced.

VANCOUVER AID.

The collections taken up at the morning and evening services, in the Pandora street Presbyterian Church, on Sunday, amounted to $122.85.

The Methodist Church Sabbath School Picnic on Dominion Day to Peddar Bay and return, $1. Tickets for sale at the Book Stores.

DENIAL FROM COUN. A. J. SMITH.

To THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—I see by the report of the *Standard* of last Saturday's political meeting that I am accused of disturbing Mr. Lipsett whilst he was speaking. This I wish to emphatically contradict. I was not present at the meeting during any portion of the proceedings, nor was at the door. I was in the company of Mr. Thomas Russell in connection with the committee meeting of the Caledonian society and I was in my home by 10 o'clock.

A. J. SMITH.

The General Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has issued a circular stating that in view of the new conditions that have to be met by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company in establishing a continuous train service on a line of railway covering fifty-three degrees in longitude and soon to cover sixty degrees (or four hours of time), it has been found necessary for convenience, and to avoid confusion, to adopt what is known as the "twenty-four hour system;" that is, to substitute the numbers 13 to 24 for the present p. m. hours 1 to 12, so that the hours from midnight to midnight will be numberd from 1 to 24.

It is reported in Ottawa that Senator Pumb will be taken into the Cabinet and replace Hon. Mr Chapleau, who will become Postmaster General, Hon. Mr. Campbell taking the Lieutenant-Governorship of Ontario.

PREMIER Fielding's majority in Halifax Country over the highest Conservative candidate is 1,061.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, N. Y.

PAINTING.

Classes in oil painting, drawing and decorative work of various kinds will be opened Wednesday, June 21, by Mrs. E. J. Miller, in the room over Mr. Waitt's music store. For particulars apply to M. W. Waitt & Co.

ARRIVAL THIS DAY.

For the "Lansdowne House," Yates street, Hoop-skirts, Bustles, Crinolettes, Kid Gloves, etc., etc. JOHN PARTRIDGE, Proprietor.

NEW TO-DAY.

DR. CLARK,
[LATE TAYLOR & CLARK],

Will continue the business in the same office, Government street. Besides Nervous and Chronic Diseases, special attention will be given to Diseases of Women, from 2 to 3 p. m. Over 20 *years experience.* jan28 1m

Lost, Stolen or Strayed.

A BLACK AND A BAY HORSE. A liberal reward will be given for such information as will lead to their recovery.
June 28. J. R. TAIT.

Card of Apology.

HAVING USED COUNCILLOR A. J. Smith's name at the Opposition meeting, on Saturday night, and having learned since that he was not there at the time, I am sorry that the mistake was made. This arose from some one calling the name of A. J. Smith, as being the man who was making the noise. R LIPSETT.
Victoria, June 28 1886. June28

For San Francisco.

Carrying H. M. Mails and Wells, Fargo & Co.'s and Northern Pacific Express.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Co.'s Steamer

Queen of the Pacific,

CAPTAIN ALEXANDER.

Will sail from Victoria wharf, outer harbor, for San Francisco on

Saturday, July 3, at 1 p. m.

Intending Shippers are requested to make arrangements for Freight as early as possible, so that room may be reserved for their shipments. Freight for shipment by her is required to be on the wharf of the undersigned by 5 o'clock p. m., on Friday, July 2.

For Freight and Passage apply to
WELCH, RITHET & CO.,
jel9 Agent

MR JAMES KAYE,

FISGARD STREET,

Teacher of Mathematics, Arithmetic and Bookkeeping.

TO STUDENTS taking the necessary course a thorough knowledge of Bookkeeping, by both Single and Double Entry, is guaranteed. Private lessons given in special subjects, and pupils assisted in preparing for the Examinations. may27 6m sod

"A NEW ERA."

THE BENEFITS OF THE

Grape Cure

IN AMERICA

Concentrated in one Bottle without the Expense of an European Journey.

SAL-MUSCATELLE

The crystallized salts as extracted from grapes and fruit; a most wonderful product from Nature's laboratory; the greatest sovereign preparation ever placed before the American public.

Sal-Muscatelle is Nature's own product; it supplies to the weary system the want of sound, ripe grapes and fruit; it keeps the blood pure and the brain clear; is a natural blessing to the faggedout and weary, an imperative companion to business men, ladies and children. Have it in your homes, travels, summer resorts and sea-side cottages.

THE TOPIC OF THE DAY.

Sick Headache and Dyspepsia Cure.

Sal-Muscatelle is the best preventive and cure for all functional derangements of the liver, biliousness, sick headache, temporary congestion arising from alcoholic beverages, giddiness, oppression, vomiting or of feeling of melancholy, ERRORS IN DIET, EATING OR DRINKING; for all accidental indigestion arising from hasty meals, nervousness, impure blood, nettlerash, itching, or any other over-acid state of the blood; boils, skin eruption, commencement of diphtheria, the effect of mercurial poisons and at the beginning of all fevers; measles, chicken pox prickly heat, rheumatic and gouty poison due to impure blood, and sourness of stomach.

Prepared by the
LONDON SAL-MUSCATELLE CO
LONDON, ENGLAND.

Beware of imitations. The genuine in "blue w. appers only."

Send for circulars to G. IVANOVITCH General American Manager, P. O. Box 1908, New York City

Mention this paper.

For sale by LANGLEY & Co and THOMAS SHOTBOLT, Victoria, B. C. june 11

Reduced Prices.

Shipping Receipt Books, duplicate, 100 in book, 60 cents each.

Manilla Wrapping and Straw, at reduced prices.

Reduced Paper Bag list.

Envelopes at reduced prices.

Photographs of Vancouver before the fire.

At THE BRITISH COLUMBIA STATIONERY AND PRINTING Co. (Limited),
Late J. B. FERGUSON & Co.

For fancy cakes, bread, pies, and crackers of all kinds leave your order at the New England bakery, Government street. Wedding cakes made to order at short notice. Fresh oysters always on hand. Goods delivered to all parts of the city. Young Bros.

SCOTCH BAKERY.—J. Russell, SCOTCH BAKERY, Douglas street, near Johnson Victoria, B. C. All kinds of Scotch pastry; Tea bread fresh every day; hot mutton pies.

GOSNELL'S SUGAR CURED HAMS are now ready at his store, corner Cormorant and Douglas streets.

Artistic Binding executed in this Province ONLY by R. T. Williams; and out of the Province by the other (?) Binder, assisted by un-British Nepotism of the present Local Government.

NEW TO-DAY.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received up to 12 o'clock, at noon, on Thursday, July 1st, for the erection of a Brick Business Block at Vancouver. Plans and specifications to be seen at my office.

E. H. FISHER
Architect
jo28

For Fort Simpson, Queen Charlotte Island and Way Ports.

CARRYING HER MAJESTY'S MAILS.

THE FINE NEW SCREW STEAMER

"Barbara Boscowitz,"

Will sail from Spratt's Wharf
On TUESDAY, JUNE 29,
At midnight.

No freight will be received after 5 o'clo p. m. on Tuesday.
For freight or passage, apply to
GEORGE E. MUNRO, Agent.
jel24 At J. D. Warren's office, Wharf stre t

Tenders.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF TENDERING FOR the erection of a Hotel, at Vancouver, for the Improvement Company, in lumber and plaster, can see plans in the Indian Survey Office, Douglas street, Victoria or at my office, Vancouver, on and after Wednesday, 30th, to Monday, 5th July.

Tenders to be delivered to me at Victoria, on Tuesday, 6th July, before 4 p. m. The Company reserve the right of declining any or all tenders
THOS. C. SORBY, Architect,
Victoria and Vancouver.
jo26-6t

FOR SALE,

1 Gentle Driving Horse,

OREGON BRED.

6 years old. Color, dark bay; black points. A child can handle him Apply TIMES office. jo 26

Standing Hay.

TWO FIELDS OF GRASS, containing thirty-three acres, more or less, on Alderley Farm, near Elk Lake 8 miles from town.

Tenders will be received up to end of the present month for either one or both fields.

The use of Barn will be given till 1st January 1887.

Good pasturage for Sheep up to 1st March.
Address WILSON BROWN,
june17-30 Alderley Park

The Handsome, Large 3-year old Bull

Reuben Butler,

OF FIRST-CLASS SHORT HORN PEDIGREE and recording will serve cows

Make the Season at Cloverdale, Victoria District.

Common grade Cows	$5.00
Three-quarter bred	7.50
Thoroughbreds	10.00

and
W. F. TOLMIE.

Lost.

LOST—A RED IRISH SETTER DOG. The finder will be rewarded by leaving him at Dr. Bannington's, Fort street. June 26

FIRE! FIRE!

TESTIMONIAL.

VANCOUVER, 22rd June, 1886.

MR. G. ROBERTSON;
Vancouver.

Representing Geddie & McCulloch,
Galt, Ont.

SIR,—We the undersigned having witnessed the terrible fire which wiped out of existence the young city of Vancouver, on the 13th inst. have, after, the fire, examined the safes sold by you, some of which were put to the most severe test, having been surrounded by large quantities of lard and bacon, and we are pleased to testify to the remarkable manner in which every Safe sold by you preserved its contents, not only books and papers, but also thousand, of dollars in paper money were taken out in perfect condition We can, therefore, with the greatest confidence, recommend them as thoroughly fire proof.

L. A. Hamilton, for the Canadian Pacific Railway Company; M. A. MacLean, Mayor; John J. Blake, Stipendiary Magistrate; Rich'd. Alexander, Justice of the Peace; John Boultbee, Police Magistrate, City of Vancouver; Thomas Dunn, Justice of the Peace; Isaac Johns, Col.; Edward E. Rand, Real Estate Broker; R. Balfour, Alderman; John Rankin, Real Estate Broker; Rither & Edson, Royal Hotel; p.pro. H. F. Keefer, Contractor, C. P. R.; J. W. McFarland, Fort Moody, to Vancouver and English Bay; F. C. Innes & Co., Real Estate Brokers; A. W. Ross, Real Estate Broker; Gravely & Spinks, Real Estate Brokers; R. C. Ferguson, Hgr. B. C. P. Mills.

FIRE! FIRE!

GRANT & ARKEL,

VANCOUVER,

are again in the field with a full line of general merchandise such as Dry Goods, Groceries etc., etc., all of which will be sold at Victoria prices. Close connection in supplimenting supplies observed by every steamer.

Artillery Picnic.

AT THE

Agricultural Grounds, Beacon Hill,

ON DOMINION DAY, JULY 1st,

Under the patronage of His Honor the Lieut. Governor and Mrs. Cornwall.

PROGRAMME.

	Entrance.	1st Prize.	2nd.
1—High Jump	25c	$5.00	$2.50
2—Grinning thro' the Collar	25c	5.00	2.50
3—Military Tournament	50c	10.00	
4—Man and Horse Race	25c	5.00	
5—Tug of War, Artillery vs. Navy 11 a side	25c	15.00	
6—Obstacle Race, quarter of a mile	25c	5.00	2.50
7—Waterbucket Race, 100 yards	Free.	3.00	2.00
8—Wheelbarrow Race, blindfolded	25c	3.00	2.00
9—Manual Exercise (Militia) 10 in a squad	25c	10.00	
10—Pole High Jump	25c	3.00	2.00
11—Three-Leg Race	25c	3.00	2.00
12—Hurdle Race, ½ mile	50c	5.00	2.00
13—1 mile Race, ½ Silver Medal in addition for 1st prize, presented by Corporal Crowther	50c	5.00	3.00
14—Heavy Marching Order, ¼ mile (Militia)	Free.	5.00	
15—Girl's Race, under 12, 200 yards	Free,	2.00	1.00
16—Boys' Race, under 14, 200 yards	Free,	2.00	1.00
17—Pipe Race, 300 yards	Free.	2.50	
18—Monkey Race, 200 yds	25c	5.00	2.50
19—Single Stick	25c	5.00	
20—Boxing Match (Militia only)	25c	5.0	
21—Navy Race, 1 mile	Free.	7.50	5.00

By order. W. B. SMALLFIELD, Lieut. secretary

VICTORIA THEATER

FRYE & BEEDE ..... MANAGERS

Engagement of the Popular Comedian

M. B. CURTIS,

Supported by a powerful Company.

Tuesday Evening, June 29.

Curtis' original master creation

Sam'l of Posen,

THE COMMERCIAL DRUMMER!

WEDNESDAY, June 30th, the latest success, "SPOT CASH."

Reserved seats now on sale at Waitt's Book Store. J. F. PICKERING, Local Manager. jo26

VICTORIA THEATER

Under the patronage of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor and Sir Michael Culme Seymour,

—THE—

CHIMES NORMANDY

Will be reproduced on the 28th inst.

BY THE VICTORIA

Dramatic and Operatic Society,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

VANCOUVER SUFFERERS.

Seats can be secured at Lowbeer's Music Store, on and after Friday, 25th inst., without extra charge

PRICES AS USUAL. june19

Concordia Hall,

DOUGLAS & YATES ST.

Domestic and Imported Lager Beer

The Choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Sandwiches of all kinds.

Free Musical Entertainment!

The only place in the city where you can enjoy a beer in comfort and pleasure.

All the LEADING NEWSPAPERS of the continent kept on file. jan28 6m

G. Byrnes, Auctioneer.

AUCTION.

FURNITURE.

On Wednesday, 30th, June.

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.

I have been instructed by the owner to sell by Auction, on the premises, Pandora street nearly opposite the Blue Ribbon Hall,

All the Furniture

In the house contained in four Bedrooms 2 Sittingrooms & Kitchen.

Consisting of 3 double Bedroom Suites, 1 Bedroom Suite, Mattresses, Bedding, Carpets, Pictures, etc., M. T. Tables and Sideboard, Lounge and Bed Lounge, Tables, Chairs, Whatnot, Lamps, Hat Rack, Stair Carpet and Rods, Oilcloth, Cooking Range and Kitchen Utensils, etc., etc.

G. BYRNES,
jo26 Auctioneer.

G. Byrnes, Auctioneer.

AUCTION.

Bankrupt Stock.

Estate of Powers Bros., Yale.

Groceries,
Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Blankets,

Boots and Shoes.

Monday, 5th July, 10 a. m.,

At my Salesroom, Fort and Langley Streets.

I have been instructed to sell by Auction a general assortment of the above goods; also, Show Cases, Counters, Scales, etc., etc.

NO RESERVE.

G. BYRNES,
jo21 Auctioneer.

THE ST. ANDREW'S

—AND—

Caledonian Society

Will hold their Twenty-third

ANNUAL GATHERING

—AT THE—

Agricultural Grounds, Beacon Hill

—ON—

SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1886.

THE PAVILION HAS BEEN SPECIALLY prepared for Dancing, and an efficient Quadrille Band will be in attendance.

PRIZES will be awarded to competitors in National Athletic Games and Dancing.

The grounds will be tastefully decorated and illuminated with the Electric Light. In the evening a

Grand Display of Fireworks

Imported from Barlow's Pyrotechnic works London.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

Messrs. W. Lorimer and James Russell, Vice-Presidents; D. McKay, Dr. Milne, Thomas Rae sell, James Rutcheson, R.P. Rithet, A. B. Gray, John Ross, Geo Mann, A. J. Smith, Wm Scott, W. H. Macoy, Grieve H. McN. Stuart, A Allen, Geo. Webb, Jno. Tindall, John Orr and Capt Urquhart.

JUDGES OF GAMES:

Messrs. James Burns; John Russell, Alex Mc Lean A. B. Gray, James Hutcheson, R. P Rithet, Capt. Irving, A. Munro, Alex. Allen.

RECEPTION COMMITTEE:

John Boyd, President; Wm. Lorimer and James Russell, Vice-President; John Grant M. P. P., Councillor Smith, J. G. Geddes, John Robertson and D. McKay.

STARTERS—Messrs. Thomas Russell and Robert Mitchell.

FLOOR MANAGERS—Messrs. John Orr, Wm. Scott and Geo. Mann.

PIPER TO THE SOCIETY—Mr. David Kennedy.

RANGERS—Messrs Geo. Webb and John Tindall.

PROGRAMME OF GAMES:

	Ent.	1st-pr.	2d pr.	3d pr.
1. Running High Jump	25c	$4 00	$2 00	
2. Running Long Jump	25c	4 00	2 00	
3. Hop Step and Jump	25c	5 00	3 00	
4. Foot Race, three miles	$1	15 00	7 50	
5. Foot Race for boys under 15, handicapped	free.	4 00	1 50	1 00
6. Foot Race for girls under 15, handicapped	free.	3 00	1 50	1 00
7. Foot Race for boys under 10, handicapped	free.	3 00	1 50	1 00
8. Half-Mile Race	50c.	7 00	3 00	
9. Half-Mile walking-match, under 18 years	25c.	5 00	3 00	
10. Foot Race for girls under 10, handicapped	free.	2 50	1 50	1 00
11. Tug of War, Navy vs. Civilians, 10 men aside	free.	15 00		
12. Hurdle Race 200 yards	25c.	5 00	2 50	
13. Throwing heavy hammer	25c.	5 00	2 50	
14. Putting heavy shot	25c.	5 00	2 50	
15. One mile (easy) race	25c.	10 00	5 00	
16. Sack Race	25c.	5 00	3	
17. Wrestling match under 11 stone	25c.	5 00		
18. Wrestling do., all weights	50c.	5 00		

DANCING.

19. Highland Fling	Prize	1 00	
20. Sailors' Hornpipe	Prize	1 00	
21. Sword Dance	Prize	1 00	
22. Reel o' Tullich	Prize	1 00	
23. Barrel Race, entrance fee—1st prize $3		2d do. $ 00	
24. Best Dancing Music—1st prize $3			
Best Dressed Boy in Highland Costume—1st prize, $2;			
Best Dressed Girl in Highland Costume—1st prize, $2;